IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

BEN WEISS

Claimant

APPEAL NO: 070-UI-05532-BT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

DECISION

IOWA WORKFORCE
DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

OC: 01/07/07 R: 04 Claimant: Appellant (1)

871 IAC 26.14(7) - Late Call Section 17A.12-3 - Non-Appearance of Party 871 IAC 25.8(5) - Decision on the Record

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

An appeal was filed from an unemployment insurance decision dated March 8, 2007, reference 04, that concluded Ben Weiss (claimant) was overpaid \$729.00 in unemployment insurance benefits. Administrative Law Judge Nice conducted an initial hearing on this matter in appeal 07A-UI-02709-NT which affirmed the overpayment. The claimant appealed the decision but the recording of the hearing could not be transcribed due to an inaudible recording. The Employment Appeal Board remanded for a new hearing in an order dated May 22, 2007. A notice of hearing was sent to the party's last-known address of record for a telephone hearing to be held at 11:00 a.m. on June 14, 2007. The appellant did not participate in the hearing. The administrative law judge considered the record closed at 11:10 a.m. At 4:03 p.m., the claimant called the Appeals Section and requested that the record be reopened. Based on the appellant's failure to participate in the hearing, the administrative file, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law and decision.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether the unemployment insurance decision previously entered in this case should be affirmed.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The claimant received the hearing notice prior to the June 14, 2007 hearing. The instructions inform the parties that if the party does not contact the Appeals Section and provide the phone number at which the party can be contacted for the hearing, the party will not be called for the hearing. The first time the claimant directly contacted the Appeals Section was on June 14, 2007, five hours after the scheduled start time for the hearing. The claimant told the Appeals Section staff that he had called in but did not know when and did not have a control number. The administrative law judge returned the call to the claimant the next morning but he was not available and a voice message was left for him.

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The administrative law judge has conducted a careful review of the administrative file to determine whether the unemployment insurance decision should be affirmed.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The Iowa Administrative Procedures Act Chapter 17A.12-3 provides in pertinent part:

If a party fails to appear or participate in a contested case proceeding after proper service of notice, the presiding officer may, if no adjournment is granted, enter a default decision or proceed with the hearing and make a decision in the absence of the party. If a decision is rendered against a party who failed to appear for the hearing and the presiding officer is timely requested by that party to vacate the decision for good cause, the time for initiating a further appeal is stayed pending a determination by the presiding officer to grant or deny the request. If adequate reasons are provided showing good cause for the party's failure to appear, the presiding officer shall vacate the decision and, after proper service of notice, conduct another evidentiary hearing. If adequate reasons are not provided showing good cause for the party's failure to appear, the presiding officer shall deny the motion to vacate.

871 IAC 26.14(7) provides:

- (7) If a party has not responded to a notice of telephone hearing by providing the appeals section with the names and telephone numbers of its witnesses by the scheduled time of the hearing, the presiding officer may proceed with the hearing.
- a. If an absent party responds to the hearing notice while the hearing is in progress, the presiding officer shall pause to admit the party, summarize the hearing to that point, administer the oath, and resume the hearing.
- b. If a party responds to the notice of hearing after the record has been closed and any party which has participated is no longer on the telephone line, the presiding officer shall not take the evidence of the late party. Instead, the presiding officer shall inquire as to why the party was late in responding to the notice of hearing. For good cause shown, the presiding officer shall reopen the record and cause further notice of hearing to be issued to all parties of record. The record shall not be reopened if the presiding officer does not find good cause for the party's late response to the notice of hearing.
- c. Failure to read or follow the instructions on the notice of hearing shall not constitute good cause for reopening the record.

At issue is a request to reopen the record made after the hearing had concluded. The request to reopen the record is denied because the party making the request failed to participate by reading and following the instructions on the hearing notice.

The administrative law judge has carefully reviewed evidence in the record and concludes that the unemployment insurance decision previously entered in this case is correct and should be affirmed. 871 IAC 25.8(5).

DECISION:

The	unemployment	insurance	decision	dated	March 8,	2007,	reference 04,	is	affirmed.	The
overpayment decision remains in effect.										

Susan D. Ackerman

Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

sda/pjs