

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS**

ROBERT D DEMOSS
Claimant

APPEAL NO: 20A-UI-04106-JTT

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
DECISION**

GRAVEL GRADING & EXCAVATING LLC
Employer

OC: 01/19/20
Claimant: Respondent (6)

Iowa Code § 96.6(2) – Timeliness of Protest
Iowa Code § 17A.12(3) – Default Decision
Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-26.14(7) – Dismissal of Appeal on Default

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The employer filed an appeal from the quarterly statement of charges that was mailed to the employer on May 8, 2020. A notice of hearing was mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record for a telephone hearing to be held at 9:30 a.m. on June 2, 2020. A review of the Appeals Bureau's conference call system indicates that the employer/appellant failed to respond to the hearing notice instructions to register a telephone number at which a representative could be reached for the hearing. The claimant was available for the hearing. Based upon the employer/appellant's failure to participate in the hearing and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law and decision.

ISSUE:

Should the appeal be dismissed based upon the employer/appellant not participating in the hearing?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The employer is the appellant in this matter. The employer was properly notified of the appeal hearing set for 9:30 a.m. on June 2, 2020 through the hearing notice that was mailed to the employer's last-known address of record on May 19, 2020. The employer did not participate in the hearing or request a postponement of the hearing as required by the hearing notice. The employer failed to comply with the hearing notice instructions to register a telephone number at which a representative could be reached for the hearing. The employer did not include a telephone number in its appeal. The employer has not otherwise provided the Appeals Bureau with a telephone number since filing the appeal.

The quarterly statement of charges included a \$3,393.00 charge to the employer's account for benefits paid to the claimant during the quarter ending March 31, 2020.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The Iowa Administrative Procedures Act at Iowa Code § 17A.12(3) provides in pertinent part:

If a party fails to appear or participate in a contested case proceeding after proper service of notice, the presiding officer may, if no adjournment is granted, enter a default decision or proceed with the hearing and make a decision in the absence of the party. ... If a decision is rendered against a party who failed to appear for the hearing and the presiding officer is timely requested by that party to vacate the decision for good cause, the time for initiating a further appeal is stayed pending a determination by the presiding officer to grant or deny the request. If adequate reasons are provided showing good cause for the party's failure to appear, the presiding officer shall vacate the decision and, after proper service of notice, conduct another evidentiary hearing. If adequate reasons are not provided showing good cause for the party's failure to appear, the presiding officer shall deny the motion to vacate.

Iowa Administrative Code rule 871-26.14(7) provides:

(7) If a party has not responded to a notice of telephone hearing by providing the appeals bureau with the names and telephone numbers of the persons who are participating in the hearing by the scheduled starting time of the hearing or is not available at the telephone number provided, the presiding officer may proceed with the hearing. If the appealing party fails to provide a telephone number or is unavailable for the hearing, the presiding officer may decide the appealing party is in default and dismiss the appeal as provide in Iowa Code section 17A.12(3). The record may be reopened if the absent party makes a request to reopen the hearing in writing under subrule 26.8(3) and shows good cause for reopening the hearing.

a. If an absent party responds to the hearing notice while the hearing is in progress, the presiding officer shall pause to admit the party, summarize the hearing to that point, administer the oath, and resume the hearing.

b. If a party responds to the notice of hearing after the record has been closed and any party which has participated is no longer on the telephone line, the presiding officer shall not take the evidence of the late party.

c. Failure to read or follow the instructions on the notice of hearing shall not constitute good cause for reopening the record.

The employer/appellant appealed the representative's decision but failed to participate in the hearing. The employer/appellant has therefore defaulted on its appeal pursuant to Iowa Code §17A.12(3) and Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.14(7), and the representative's decision remains in force and effect.

If the employer/appellant disagrees with this decision, the employer may follow the instructions for appeal on the first page of this decision.

DECISION:

The employer defaulted on its appeal. The appeal is dismissed. The quarterly statement of charges that included a \$3,393.00 charge to the employer's account for benefits paid to the claimant during the quarter ending March 31, 2020 remains in effect.

A rectangular box containing a handwritten signature in black ink that reads "James E. Timberland".

James E. Timberland
Administrative Law Judge

June 22, 2020
Decision Dated and Mailed

jet/scn