

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS**

JIM MORGAN
Claimant

HY-VEE INC
Employer

APPEAL NO. 21A-UI-01372-B2T

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
DECISION**

OC: 03/15/20
Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Admin. Code ch. 871 r. 24.23(10) – Leave of Absence
Iowa Code § 96.4-3 – Able and Available

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated December 15, 2020 reference 01, which held claimant able and available for work. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on February 17, 2021. Claimant participated personally. Employer participated by hearing representative Frankie Patterson and witness Erin Jefferis. Claimant's Exhibits A-B were admitted into evidence.

ISSUES:

Whether claimant is able and available for work?

Whether claimant is on an approved leave of absence?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant works as a part time delivery driver for employer. When Covid hit in March, claimant asked for and received time off from work as he is elderly, has health concern, and lives with a person with great health concerns.

Employer granted claimant's leave of absence requests. Claimant's most recent time off from work has occurred since October 4, 2020. Employer again granted this request.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(10) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(10) The claimant requested and was granted a leave of absence, such period is deemed to be a period of voluntary unemployment and shall be considered ineligible for benefits for such period.

Iowa Code section 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph (1), or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22(1)a provides:

Benefits eligibility conditions. For an individual to be eligible to receive benefits the department must find that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work. The individual bears the burden of establishing that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work.

(1) Able to work. An individual must be physically and mentally able to work in some gainful employment, not necessarily in the individual's customary occupation, but which is engaged in by others as a means of livelihood.

a. Illness, injury or pregnancy. Each case is decided upon an individual basis, recognizing that various work opportunities present different physical requirements. A statement from a medical practitioner is considered prima facie evidence of the physical ability of the individual to perform the work required. A pregnant individual must meet the same criteria for determining ableness as do all other individuals.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(35) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

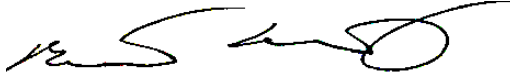
(35) Where the claimant is not able to work and is under the care of a medical practitioner and has not been released as being able to work.

The claimant has not established the ability to work since his recent filing of October 4, 2020. Benefits are withheld until such time as the claimant obtains a full medical release to return to work and is willing to return to his position.

Note to Claimant: Even though claimant is not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits under state law, he may be eligible for federally funded unemployment insurance benefits under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("Cares Act"), Public Law 116-136. Section 2102 of the CARES Act creates a new temporary federal program called Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) that in general provides up to 39 weeks of unemployment benefits. **You will need to apply for PUA to determine your eligibility under the program.** Additional information on how to apply for PUA can be found at <https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information>.

DECISION:

The decision of the representative dated December 15, 2020, reference 01 is affirmed. Claimant is not eligible to receive unemployment insurance benefits, effective October 4, 2020, as he asked for and has received a leave of absence since that time.



Blair A. Bennett
Administrative Law Judge

March 1, 2021
Decision Dated and Mailed

bab/scn