IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEM PLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

AMANDA K HAUGEN

Claimant

APPEAL 21A-UI-17914-DB-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

OC: 04/19/20

Claimant: Appellant (1)

PL 116-136 Sec 2107 – Federal Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC)

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant/appellant filed an appeal from the August 6, 2021 (reference 05) unemployment insurance decision that found claimant was overpaid Federal PEUC benefits in the amount of \$2,776.00 for the weeks between July 5, 2020 and August 29, 2020. The claimant was properly notified of the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on October 8, 2021. The claimant participated personally. The administrative law judge took administrative notice of the claimant's unemployment insurance benefits records. The hearing was consolidated with Appeal No. 21A-Ul-17910-DB-T; 21A-Ul-17912-DB-T; 21A-Ul-17913-DB-T; 21A-Ul-17916-DB-T.

ISSUE:

Is the claimant overpaid PEUC benefits?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant filed an original claim for regular unemployment insurance benefits funded by the State of Iowa with an effective date of April 19, 2020. She was paid regular unemployment insurance benefits funded by the State of Iowa from April 19, 2020 through July 4, 2020 in the amount of \$3,669.50. She was paid PEUC benefits of \$2,776.00 for the weeks of July 5, 2020 through August 29, 2020. She was paid FPUC benefits of \$8,400.00 for the fourteen weeks ending July 25, 2020. She was paid LWA benefits of \$1,500.00 for the weeks between July 26, 2020 and August 29, 2020.

lowa Workforce Development issued a decision dated September 2, 2020 (reference 03) which found that the claimant was not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits funded by the State of lowa due to a voluntary quitting of work with J & J Pharmacy Inc. That decision was affirmed on appeal in Appeal No. 21A-UI-17912-DB-T. Claimant filed an application for Federal Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) benefits and was issued a denial decision find that she was not eligible for PUA benefits.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes as follows:

lowa Code § 96.3(7)a provides:

- 7. Recovery of overpayment of benefits.
- a. If an individual receives benefits for which the individual is subsequently determined to be ineligible, even though the individual acts in good faith and is not otherwise at fault, the benefits shall be recovered. The department in its discretion may recover the overpayment of benefits either by having a sum equal to the overpayment deducted from any future benefits payable to the individual or by having the individual pay to the department a sum equal to the overpayment.

Section 2107 of the CARES Act, PL 116-136, created a new temporary federal program called Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC) that initially provided up to 13 additional weeks of benefits to individuals who have exhausted their regular unemployment compensation entitlement.

PL 116-136 Sec 2107 provides in pertinent part:

PANDEMIC EMERGENCY UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION.

- (a) FEDERAL-STATE AGREEMENTS. —
- (1) IN GENERAL. Any State which desires to do so may enter into and participate in an agreement under this section with the Secretary of Labor (in this section referred to as the "Secretary"). Any State which is a party to an agreement under this section may, upon providing 30 days' written notice to the Secretary, terminate such agreement.
- (2) PROVISIONS OF AGREEMENT. —

Any agreement under paragraph (1) shall provide that the State agency of the State will make payments of pandemic emergency unemployment compensation to individuals who—

- (A) have exhausted all rights to regular compensation under the State law or under Federal law with respect to a benefit year (excluding any benefit year that ended before July 1, 2019);
- (B) have no rights to regular compensation with respect to a week under such law or any other State unemployment compensation law or to compensation under any other Federal law:
- (C) are not receiving compensation with respect to such week under the unemployment compensation law of Canada; and
- (D) are able to work, available to work, and actively seeking work.

In this case, the claimant received PEUC benefits after exhausting her regular unemployment insurance benefits funded by the State of lowa. However, claimant was found to be ineligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits due to a voluntary quitting of work in the decision dated September 2, 2020 (reference 03) that was affirmed in Appeal No. 21A-Ul-17912-DB-T. As such, the claimant has been overpaid PEUC benefits in the amount of \$2,776.00 for the weeks between July 5, 2020 and August 29, 2020.

Pursuant to PL 116-136 Section 2107(E)(2) of the CARES Act, the claimant may request a waiver of the overpayment of PEUC benefits. The request for waiver should be sent to:

Iowa Workforce Development Overpayment Waiver Request 1000 East Grand Avenue Des Moines, Iowa 50319

The request for waiver of overpayment should include the claimant's name, address, decision number and date of decision, dollar amount of overpayment requested for waiver, and all relevant facts the claimant feels would justify a waiver of the overpayment balance. The claimant may also visit https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/application-overpayment-waiver.

DECISION:

The August 6, 2021 (reference 05) unemployment insurance decision is affirmed. The claimant was overpaid PEUC benefits of \$2,776.00 between July 5, 2020 and August 29, 2020.

Dawn Boucher

Administrative Law Judge

Jaun Boucher

October 13, 2021
Decision Dated and Mailed

db/mh