# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**LISA BROWN** 

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 11A-UI-04056-BT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

**WELLS FARGO BANK NA** 

Employer

OC: 02/27/11

Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.5-1 - Voluntary Quit

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Lisa Brown (claimant) appealed an unemployment insurance decision dated March 25, 2011, reference 01, which held that she was not eligible for unemployment insurance benefits because she voluntarily quit her employment with Wells Fargo Bank NA (employer) without good cause attributable to the employer. After hearing notices were mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record, a telephone hearing was held on April 19, 2011. The claimant participated in the hearing. The employer participated through Ryan Murphy, Loan administration manager, and Merle Walker, employer representative. Based on the evidence, the arguments of the parties, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law, and decision.

## ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant's voluntary separation from employment qualifies her to receive unemployment insurance benefits.

#### FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and having considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The claimant was hired full-time on October 16, 2003 and was most recently working as loan documentation specialist. She voluntarily quit her employment on February 25, 2011 because she and her husband were moving to Missouri, where he obtained employment. Her husband is not in the military and continuing work was available if she had not left.

## **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

The issue to be determined is whether the reasons for the claimant's separation from employment qualify him to receive unemployment insurance benefits. The claimant is not qualified to receive unemployment insurance benefits if she voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to the employer. Iowa Code § 96.5-1.

### 871 IAC 24.25(2) provides:

Voluntary quit without good cause. In general, a voluntary quit means discontinuing the employment because the employee no longer desires to remain in the relationship of an employee with the employer from whom the employee has separated. The employer has the burden of proving that the claimant is disqualified for benefits pursuant to lowa Code section 96.5. However, the claimant has the initial burden to produce evidence that the claimant is not disqualified for benefits in cases involving lowa Code section 96.5, subsection (1), paragraphs "a" through "i," and subsection 10. The following reasons for a voluntary quit shall be presumed to be without good cause attributable to the employer:

(2) The claimant moved to a different locality.

The claimant has the burden of proving that the voluntary quit was for a good reason that would not disqualify her. Iowa Code § 96.6-2. The evidence demonstrates she voluntarily quit on February 25, 2011 because she moved to Missouri. While the claimant may have had compelling personal reasons to voluntarily quit her employment, these reasons do not constitute good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are therefore denied.

#### **DECISION:**

The unemployment insurance decision dated March 25, 2011, reference 01, is affirmed. The claimant voluntarily left work without good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are withheld until she has worked in and has been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times her weekly benefit amount, provided she is otherwise eligible.

Susan D. Ackerman Administrative Law Judge	
Decision Dated and Mailed	
sda/kiw	