

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU**

WILLIAM E PAUL
Claimant

APPEAL 20A-DUA-00817-B2-T

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
DECISION**

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
DEPARTMENT**

OC: 08/09/20
Claimant: Appellant (4)

PL 116-136, Sec. 2102 – Federal Pandemic Unemployment Assistance
20 CFR 625 – Federal Pandemic Assistance

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

On October 28, 2020, claimant filed a timely appeal from the Iowa Workforce Development decision dated October 21, 2020 that determined claimant was not eligible for federal Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA).

A telephone hearing was held on December 4, 2020. The parties were properly notified of the hearing. The claimant participated personally and with attorney Cara Rotschafer.

Official notice was taken of the administrative record.

ISSUE:

Is the claimant eligible for Pandemic Unemployment Assistance?

Is the claimant eligible for Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds:

Claimant filed the application for PUA on June 11, 2020. The last day claimant worked was March 29, 2020. Claimant was employed at that time by Iowa House Fixers as a contract worker doing labor work. (The administrative Law Judge finds claimant to have been a contract worker as payments received from employer give no indication of taxes being taken out.) Claimant worked part time. Claimant stated that the employer decided that claimant would not continue to work (it was a very small company) because of Covid fears. Employer's business is ongoing. Claimant did not share information of Covid at the workplace, from coworkers, or through his home.

Claimant did state that he contracted Covid and was tested positive on June 30, 2020. Claimant was off from work for the next 17 days as he was self-quarantining.

Claimant did provide self-certification that he was otherwise able to work and available for work but was unemployed, partially unemployed, or unable or unavailable to work because he has

not been able to find other employment. Telework was potentially available, but telemarketing does not work for electrical or labor work where claimant has experience.

Claimant is not eligible for regular compensation or extended benefits under state or federal law or Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC).

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons set forth below, the Iowa Workforce Development decision dated October 21, 2020 that determined claimant was not eligible for federal Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) is modified in favor of claimant.

Public Law 116-136, Sec. 2102 provides for unemployment benefit assistance to any covered individual for any weeks beginning on or after January 27, 2020 and ending on or before December 31, 2020, during which the individual is unemployed, partially unemployed, or unable to work due to COVID-19. The issue to be determined here is whether claimant is a “covered individual” within the meaning of applicable law.

(3) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term “covered individual”—

(A) means an individual who—

(i) is not eligible for regular compensation or extended benefits under State or Federal law or pandemic emergency unemployment compensation under section 2107, including an individual who has exhausted all rights to regular unemployment or extended benefits under State or Federal law or pandemic emergency unemployment compensation under section 2107; and

(ii) provides self-certification that the individual—

(I) is otherwise able to work and available for work within the meaning of applicable State law, except the individual is unemployed, partially unemployed, or unable or unavailable to work because—

(aa) the individual has been diagnosed with COVID-19 or is experiencing symptoms of COVID-19 and seeking a medical diagnosis;

(bb) a member of the individual’s household has been diagnosed with COVID-19;

(cc) the individual is providing care for a family member or a member of the individual’s household who has been diagnosed with COVID-19;

(dd) a child or other person in the household for which the individual has primary caregiving responsibility is unable to attend school or another facility that is closed as a direct result of the COVID-19 public health emergency and such school or facility care is required for the individual to work;

(ee) the individual is unable to reach the place of employment because of a quarantine imposed as a direct result of the COVID-19 public health emergency;

(ff) the individual is unable to reach the place of employment because the individual has been advised by a health care provider to self-quarantine due to concerns related to COVID-19;

(gg) the individual was scheduled to commence employment and does not have a job or is unable to reach the job as a direct result of the COVID-19 public health emergency;

(hh) the individual has become the breadwinner or major support for a household because the head of the household has died as a direct result of COVID-19;

(ii) the individual has to quit his or her job as a direct result of COVID-19;

(jj) the individual's place of employment is closed as a direct result of the COVID-19 public health emergency; or

(kk) the individual meets any additional criteria established by the Secretary for unemployment assistance under this section; or

(ll) is self-employed, is seeking part-time employment, does not have sufficient work history, or otherwise would not qualify for regular unemployment or extended benefits under State or Federal law or pandemic emergency unemployment compensation under section 2107 and meets the requirements of subclause (l); and

(B) does not include—

(i) an individual who has the ability to telework with pay; or

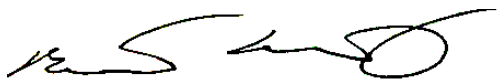
(ii) an individual who is receiving paid sick leave or other paid leave benefits, regardless of whether the individual meets a qualification described in items (aa) through (kk) of subparagraph (A)(i)(l).

The administrative law judge finds claimant was not unemployed, partially unemployed, or unable or unavailable to work because of COVID-19 OR is self-employed, is seeking part-time employment, does not have sufficient work history, or otherwise would not qualify for regular unemployment or extended benefits under State or Federal law or pandemic emergency unemployment compensation and is unable or unavailable to work because of COVID-19. The decision does not include the time period between June 30, 2020 and July 16, 2020 when claimant was quarantined as a direct result of Covid. During this period claimant is eligible for benefits.

Specifically, claimant was unable or unavailable to work because the claimant's most recent employer is still an on going business, thereby not allowing claimant to qualify for benefits under sec.(kk). This is the only section claimant could qualify for benefits, with the exception of the 17 day time period from June 30-July 16, 2020. During this time period claimant does qualify for benefits under section (aa). This covered unemployment began on June 30, 2020 and continued until July 16, 2020. Claimant is otherwise able to work and available for work within the meaning of applicable State law. Claimant is not eligible for regular compensation or extended benefits under State or Federal law or pandemic emergency unemployment compensation. Telework with pay was not available. Claimant was not receiving paid sick leave or other paid leave benefits.

DECISION:

The Iowa Workforce Development decision dated October 21, 2020 that determined claimant was not eligible for federal Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) is modified in favor of the claimant. Claimant is eligible to receive PUA benefits for the period between June 30, 2020 and July 16, 2020. Claimant is not eligible to receive PUA benefits outside of this period.



Blair A. Bennett
Administrative Law Judge

December 14, 2020
Decision Dated and Mailed

bab/mh