## PAIGE N NALLEN

Claimant
APPEAL 20A-UI-08012-AW-T

## ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

## IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

OC: 06/21/20
Claimant: Appellant (1)
Iowa Code § 96.3(4) - Payment - Benefit Determination, Dependents
lowa Code § 96.4(4) - Eligibility - 1 1/4 x High Quarter, 8x 2nd Benefit Year

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from the June 30, 2020 monetary determination. Claimant was properly notified of the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on August 19, 2020, at 3:00 p.m. Claimant participated. Claimant's Exhibits A - C were admitted. Official notice was taken of the administrative record

## ISSUES:

Whether claimant's monetary determination is correct.
Whether claimant is monetarily eligible to receive benefits.

## FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant filed an initial claim for benefits effective June 21, 2020. The base period for that claim year begins with the first quarter of 2019 and ends with the fourth quarter of 2019. Claimant presented evidence of wages earned in 2019 from Pop's Pizza \& Pub, Inc. (Exhibit B) and The University of lowa (Exhibit C). Claimant was also employed by Top Notch Salon and Spa from January 2019 until July 2019.

## REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes:
Iowa Code section 96.3(4) provides:
4. Determination of benefits. With respect to benefit years beginning on or after July 1 , 1983, an eligible individual's weekly benefit amount for a week of total unemployment shall be an amount equal to the following fractions of the individual's total wages in insured work paid during that quarter of the individual's base period in which such total wages were highest; the director shall determine annually a maximum weekly benefit amount equal to the following percentages, to vary with the number of dependents, of
the statewide average weekly wage paid to employees in insured work which shall be effective the first day of the first full week in July:

| If the number of <br> dependents is: | The weekly benefit <br> amount shall equal <br> the following fraction <br> of high quarter wages: | Subject to the <br> following maximum <br> percentage of the <br> statewide average <br> weekly wage. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | $1 / 23$ | $53 \%$ |
| 1 | $1 / 22$ | $55 \%$ |
| 2 | $1 / 21$ | $57 \%$ |
| 3 | $1 / 20$ | $60 \%$ |
| 4 or more | $1 / 19$ | $65 \%$ |

The maximum weekly benefit amount, if not a multiple of one dollar shall be rounded to the lower multiple of one dollar. However, until such time as sixty-five percent of the statewide average weekly wage exceeds one hundred ninety dollars, the maximum weekly benefit amounts shall be determined using the statewide average weekly wage computed on the basis of wages reported for calendar year 1981. As used in this section "dependent" means dependent as defined in section 422.12, subsection 1, paragraph "a", as if the individual claimant was a taxpayer, except that an individual claimant's nonworking spouse shall be deemed to be a dependent under this section. "Nonworking spouse" means a spouse who does not earn more than one hundred twenty dollars in gross wages in one week.

Iowa Code section 96.4(4)a-b-c provides:
An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:
a. The individual has been paid wages for insured work during the individual's base period in an amount at least one and one-quarter times the wages paid to the individual during that quarter of the individual's base period in which the individual's wages were highest; provided that the individual has been paid wages for insured work totaling at least three and five-tenths percent of the statewide average annual wage for insured work, computed for the preceding calendar year if the individual's benefit year begins on or after the first full week in July and computed for the second preceding calendar year if the individual's benefit year begins before the first full week in July, in that calendar quarter in the individual's base period in which the individual's wages were highest, and the individual has been paid wages for insured work totaling at least one-half of the amount of wages required under this paragraph in the calendar quarter of the base period in which the individual's wages were highest, in a calendar quarter in the individual's base period other than the calendar quarter in which the individual's wages were highest. The calendar quarter wage requirements shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of ten dollars.
b. For an individual who does not have sufficient wages in the base period, as defined in section 96.19, to otherwise qualify for benefits pursuant to this subsection, the individual's base period shall be the last four completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of the individual's benefit year if such period qualifies the individual for benefits under this subsection.
(1) Wages that fall within the alternative base period established under this paragraph "b" are not available for qualifying benefits in any subsequent benefit year.
(2) Employers shall be charged in the manner provided in this chapter for benefits paid based upon quarters used in the alternative base period.
c. If the individual has drawn benefits in any benefit year, the individual must during or subsequent to that year, work in and be paid wages for insured work totaling at least eight times the individual's weekly benefit amount, as a condition to receive benefits in the next benefit year.

Claimant's wages earned during 2019 are not reflected on the monetary determination. The issue of unrecorded wages should be remanded for a determination as to whether the wages should be added to the monetary determination and a redetermination of claimant's monetary eligibility.

## DECISION:

The June 30, 2020 monetary determination is affirmed pending the outcome of the issues on remand.

## REMAND:

The issue of unrecorded wages for 2019 is remanded to the tax section of lowa Workforce Development for a determination of whether wages should be added. Claimant's monetary eligibility shall be redetermined accordingly.


Adrienne C. Williamson
Administrative Law Judge
Unemployment Insurance Appeals Bureau
Iowa Workforce Development
1000 East Grand Avenue
Des Moines, lowa 50319-0209
Fax (515)478-3528

Augusts 31, 2020
Decision Dated and Mailed

