IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

MARJAN STOJANOV Claimant

APPEAL NO. 10A-EUCU-00132-MT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

WEAVER ENTERPRISES LTD

Employer

OC: 01/04/09 Claimant: Appellant (2)

Section 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated February 15, 2010, reference 06, which held claimant ineligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a telephone conference hearing was scheduled for and held on April 8, 2010. Claimant participated. Employer participated by Cody Van Vorrhis, Area Supervisor.

ISSUE:

The issue in this matter is whether claimant quit for good cause attributable to employer.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant last worked for employer on December 27, 2009. Claimant worked as a part-time cook. Claimant filed a complaint about his supervisor. Claimant was called a sexy cook by the supervisor. The supervisor also asked to massage claimant's groin area. Claimant filed two complaints to the assistant manager. Claimant was discouraged from filing a written complaint. After the verbal complaints the hours were cut and claimant was sent home early.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The administrative law judge holds that the evidence has established that claimant voluntarily quit for good cause attributable to employer when claimant terminated the employment relationship because of sexual harassment and a cut in work hours. Employer's failure to take prompt remedial action on a harassment claim is good cause for a quit. The reduction in work hours is also a significant change in the contract of hire. Benefits allowed.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

871 IAC 24.26(1), (3), (4) provides:

Voluntary quit with good cause attributable to the employer and separations not considered to be voluntary quits. The following are reasons for a claimant leaving employment with good cause attributable to the employer:

(1) A change in the contract of hire. An employer's willful breach of contract of hire shall not be a disqualifiable issue. This would include any change that would jeopardize the worker's safety, health or morals. The change of contract of hire must be substantial in nature and could involve changes in working hours, shifts, remuneration, location of employment, drastic modification in type of work, etc. Minor changes in a worker's routine on the job would not constitute a change of contract of hire.

- (3) The claimant left due to unlawful working conditions.
- (4) The claimant left due to intolerable or detrimental working conditions.

DECISION:

The decision of the representative dated February 15, 2010, reference 06, is reversed. Unemployment insurance benefits shall be allowed, provided claimant is otherwise eligible.

Marlon Mormann Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

mdm/pjs