# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

**ZOULEA ALASSANI** 

Claimant

**APPEAL NO. 20A-UI-07112-B2T** 

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

WEST LIBERTY FOODS LLC

Employer

OC: 04/26/20

Claimant: Appellant (1R)

Iowa Admin. Code ch. 871 r. 24.23(10) – Leave of Absence Iowa Code § 96.4-3 – Able and Available

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated June 24, 2020 reference 01, which held claimant not able and available for work. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on August 4, 2020. Claimant participated personally and with witness Kalatina Camno. Employer participated by Karen Goldensoph.

### ISSUES:

Whether claimant is able and available for work?

Whether claimant is on an approved leave of absence?

### FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant has worked full time in distribution since February 2018. Claimant last worked for employer on April 17, 2020. Claimant was working while pregnant. After the date of April 17 claimant was off from work from April 20-30, 2020. Claimant provided a doctor's note to employer for this time period. After this date, claimant was off from work as she was soon to have a baby. While claimant was off from work, she developed Covid. Claimant asked for and received a leave for this period From May 1, 2020 through June 24, 2020.

### **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(10) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(10) The claimant requested and was granted a leave of absence, such period is deemed to be a period of voluntary unemployment and shall be considered ineligible for benefits for such period.

Iowa Code section 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph (1), or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22(1)a provides:

Benefits eligibility conditions. For an individual to be eligible to receive benefits the department must find that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work. The individual bears the burden of establishing that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work.

- (1) Able to work. An individual must be physically and mentally able to work in some gainful employment, not necessarily in the individual's customary occupation, but which is engaged in by others as a means of livelihood.
- a. Illness, injury or pregnancy. Each case is decided upon an individual basis, recognizing that various work opportunities present different physical requirements. A statement from a medical practitioner is considered prima facie evidence of the physical ability of the individual to perform the work required. A pregnant individual must meet the same criteria for determining ableness as do all other individuals.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(35) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(35) Where the claimant is not able to work and is under the care of a medical practitioner and has not been released as being able to work.

Inasmuch as the pregnancy was not work-related, the claimant has not established the ability to work for the period of filing the original claim through June 24, 2020. Benefits are denied for this period.

Note to Claimant: Even though claimant is not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits under state law, she may be eligible for federally funded unemployment insurance benefits under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("Cares Act"), Public Law 116-136. Section 2102 of the CARES Act creates a new temporary federal program called Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) that in general provides up to 39 weeks of unemployment benefits. An individual receiving PUA benefits may also receive the \$600 weekly benefit amount (WBA) under the Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) program if he or she is eligible for such compensation for the week claimed. You will need to

**apply for PUA to determine your eligibility under the program.** Additional information on how to apply for PUA can be found at <a href="https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information">https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information</a>.

## **DECISION:**

The decision of the representative dated June 24, 2020, reference 01 is affirmed. Claimant is not eligible to receive unemployment insurance benefits, effective April 26, 2020 through June 24, 2020.

This matter is remanded to the benefits bureau for a determination as to whether claimant has been overpaid state and/or FPUC benefits.

Blair A. Bennett

Administrative Law Judge

August 17, 2020\_

**Decision Dated and Mailed** 

bab/scn