# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**KYRA M HARVEY** 

Claimant

**APPEAL NO. 11A-UI-13733-MT** 

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

**TEAM STAFFING SOLUTIONS INC** 

Employer

OC: 09/11/11

Claimant: Respondent (1)

Section 96.5-1 - Voluntary Quit

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Employer filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated October 13, 2011, reference 02, which held claimant eligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on November 14, 2011. Employer participated by Jennifer Hill, Account Manager and Sarah Fiedler, Claims Administrator. Claimant failed to respond to the hearing notice and did not participate. Exhibits One and Two were admitted into evidence.

## **ISSUE:**

The issue in this matter is whether claimant quit for good cause attributable to employer.

### FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant last worked for employer on August 24, 2011. Claimant quit a temporary job where she was on call for spot labor. Claimant did not have an ongoing assignment. Claimant was required to report in each day for work.

#### **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

The administrative law judge holds that the evidence has established that claimant voluntarily quit for good cause attributable to employer when claimant terminated the employment relationship because she did not want to continue assignments to spot labor on call. This is a quit for good cause attributable to employer pursuant to agency rules. Benefits allowed.

Iowa Code § 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

871 IAC 24.26(19) provides:

Voluntary quit with good cause attributable to the employer and separations not considered to be voluntary quits. The following are reasons for a claimant leaving employment with good cause attributable to the employer:

(19) The claimant was employed on a temporary basis for assignment to spot jobs or casual labor work and fulfilled the contract of hire when each of the jobs was completed. An election not to report for a new assignment to work shall not be construed as a voluntary leaving of employment. The issue of a refusal of an offer of suitable work shall be adjudicated when an offer of work is made by the former employer. The provisions of lowa Code § 96.5(3) and rule 24.24(96) are controlling in the determination of suitability of work. However, this subrule shall not apply to substitute school employees who are subject to the provisions of lowa Code § 96.4(5) which denies benefits that are based on service in an educational institution when the individual declines or refuses to accept a new contract or reasonable assurance of continued employment status. Under this circumstance, the substitute school employee shall be considered to have voluntarily quit employment.

## **DECISION:**

The	decision	of	the	representative	dated	October 13,	2011,	reference 02,	is	affirmed.
Uner	nployment	t ins	suran	ce benefits are a	allowed.	provided clai	mant is	otherwise eliaik	ole.	

Marian Marmann	
Marlon Mormann Administrative Law Judge	
Decision Dated and Mailed	
mdm/pjs	