BEFORE THE EMPLOYMENT APPEAL BOARD Lucas State Office Building Fourth floor Des Moines, Iowa 50319

LORI A FISHER Claimant,	HEARING NUMBER: 13	B-UI-10156
and THE UNIVERSITY OF IOWA	EMPLOYMENT APPEA DECISION	L BOARD

Employer.

ΝΟΤΙΟΕ

THIS DECISION BECOMES FINAL unless (1) a request for a REHEARING is filed with the Employment Appeal Board within 20 days of the date of the Board's decision or, (2) a PETITION TO DISTRICT COURT IS FILED WITHIN 30 days of the date of the Board's decision.

A REHEARING REQUEST shall state the specific grounds and relief sought. If the rehearing request is denied, a petition may be filed in **DISTRICT COURT** within **30 days** of the date of the denial.

SECTION: 96.5-2-A

DECISION

UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ARE DENIED

The Claimant appealed this case to the Employment Appeal Board. The members of the Employment Appeal Board, one member dissenting, reviewed the entire record. The Appeal Board finds the administrative law judge's decision is correct. The administrative law judge's Findings of Fact and Reasoning and Conclusions of Law are adopted by the Board as its own. The administrative law judge's decision is **AFFIRMED**.

Monique F. Kuester

Cloyd (Robby) Robinson

DISSENTING OPINION OF JOHN A. PENO:

I respectfully dissent from the decision of the Employment Appeal Board; I would reverse the decision of the administrative law judge in its entirety. I would find that the Claimant reacted to a critical life threatening situation when she administered first aid to a staff member whom she knew had asthma. Her reaction to the emergency situation was done in good faith and she may have saved the staff member's life. While I realize that she did not follow proper protocol, I would consider this incident to be an isolated instance of poor judgment. The record is void of any prior disciplines. Based on this record, I would conclude that employer may have compelling business reasons to terminate the Claimant; however, conduct that might warrant a discharge from employment will not necessarily sustain a disqualification from job insurance benefits. <u>Budding v. Iowa Department of Job Service</u>, 337 N.W.2d 219 (Iowa App. 1983). I would allow benefits provided the Claimant is otherwise eligible.

John A. Peno

AMG/fnv