# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - El

CUBRINA A RUCKER Claimant

# APPEAL NO. 08A-UI-08110-H2T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

AFFINA LLC Employer

> OC: 07-06-08 R: 03 Claimant: Appellant (1)

Section 96.4-3 - Able and Available

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed a timely appeal from the September 2, 2008, reference 01, decision that denied benefits. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held on September 24, 2008. The claimant did participate. The employer did participate through Lynn Klein, Senior Manager.

#### ISSUE:

Is the claimant able to and available for work?

## FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed the testimony and all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant was employed as a customer service representative product specialist, full-time, beginning June 8, 1998, through June 23, 2008, when she asked for and received a leave of absence for personal reasons. The claimant chose to take the leave, the employer did not require her to go on leave, and work was available for her while she was on leave.

## REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes that the claimant is not able to work and available for work from June 23, 2008.

lowa Code section 96.4-3 provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph 1, or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

#### 871 IAC 24.22(2)j(1)(2) provides:

Benefits eligibility conditions. For an individual to be eligible to receive benefits the department must find that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work. The individual bears the burden of establishing that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work.

(2) Available for work. The availability requirement is satisfied when an individual is willing, able, and ready to accept suitable work which the individual does not have good cause to refuse, that is, the individual is genuinely attached to the labor market. Since, under unemployment insurance laws, it is the availability of an individual that is required to be tested, the labor market must be described in terms of the individual. A labor market for an individual means a market for the type of service which the individual offers in the geographical area in which the individual offers the service. Market in that sense does not mean that job vacancies must exist; the purpose of unemployment insurance is to compensate for lack of job vacancies. It means only that the type of services which an individual is offering is generally performed in the geographical area in which the individual is offering the services.

j. Leave of absence. A leave of absence negotiated with the consent of both parties, employer and employee, is deemed a period of voluntary unemployment for the employee-individual, and the individual is considered ineligible for benefits for the period.

(1) If at the end of a period or term of negotiated leave of absence the employer fails to reemploy the employee-individual, the individual is considered laid off and eligible for benefits.

(2) If the employee-individual fails to return at the end of the leave of absence and subsequently becomes unemployed the individual is considered as having voluntarily quit and therefore is ineligible for benefits.

871 IAC 24.23(10) provides:

(10) The claimant requested and was granted a leave of absence, such period is deemed to be a period of voluntary unemployment and shall be considered ineligible for benefits for such period.

The claimant requested and was given a leave of absence to deal with personal issues. Accordingly, benefits are denied.

## DECISION:

The September 2, 2008, reference 01, decision is affirmed. The claimant is not able to work and available for work effective June 23, 2008. Benefits are withheld until such time as the claimant makes herself available for work to the extent she was available during the base period history.

Teresa K. Hillary Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed