# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**GARRY L YAUK** 

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 11A-UI-00747-H2T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

THE UNIVERSITY OF IOWA

Employer

OC: 06-20-10

Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.5(1) - Voluntary Leaving

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed a timely appeal from the December 16, 2010, reference 01, decision that denied benefits. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held on February 24, 2011. The claimant did participate. The employer did participate through Mary Eggenburg, Staff Benefits Specialist and Suzanne Hilleman, Human Resources Generalist. Claimant's Exhibit A was entered and received into the record.

## **ISSUE:**

Did the claimant voluntarily quit his employment without good cause attributable to the employer?

## FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant was employed as a facilities mechanic II full time beginning August 22, 1973 through June 30, 2010 when he voluntarily quit to take advantage of an early retirement option. Continued work was available for the claimant if he had not quit.

#### **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant voluntarily left the employment without good cause attributable to the employer.

Iowa Code § 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

871 IAC 24.25(24) provides:

Voluntary quit without good cause. In general, a voluntary quit means discontinuing the employment because the employee no longer desires to remain in the relationship of an employee with the employer from whom the employee has separated. The employer has the burden of proving that the claimant is disqualified for benefits pursuant to lowa Code § 96.5. However, the claimant has the initial burden to produce evidence that the claimant is not disqualified for benefits in cases involving lowa Code § 96.5, subsection (1), paragraphs "a" through "i," and subsection 10. The following reasons for a voluntary quit shall be presumed to be without good cause attributable to the employer:

(24) The claimant left employment to accept retirement when such claimant could have continued working.

While claimant's decision to quit may have been based upon good personal reasons it was not a good-cause reason attributable to the employer for leaving the employment. Benefits must be denied.

## **DECISION:**

tkh/css

The December 16, 2010 (reference 01) decision is affirmed. The claimant voluntarily left his employment without good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are withheld until such time as he has worked in and been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times his weekly benefit amount, provided he is otherwise eligible.

Teresa K. Hillary Administrative Law Judge	
Decision Dated and Mailed	