

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS**

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

HEIDI J BURHOP
Claimant

APPEAL NO. 13A-UI-07822-JTT

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
DECISION**

**R J PERSONNEL INC
TEMPO ASSOCIATES**
Employer

**OC: 05/26/13
Claimant: Appellant (1)**

Iowa Code Section 96.5(1) – Voluntary Quit
871 IAC 26.8(5) – Decision on the Record

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Heidi Burhop appealed from an unemployment insurance decision dated June 17, 2013, reference 01, that denied benefits based on an agency conclusion that she had voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to the employer on May 9, 2013. A telephone hearing was scheduled for August 9, 2013. Ms. Burhop did not respond to the hearing notice instructions and did not participate in the hearing. The employer was available for the hearing through Jennifer Bermel. Based on the appellant's failure to participate in the hearing, the administrative file, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law and decision.

ISSUE:

Decision on the record.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The parties were properly notified of the scheduled hearing on this appeal by notice mailed on July 15, 2013. The appellant, Heidi Burhop, failed to provide a telephone number at which she could be reached for the hearing and did not participate in the hearing or request a postponement of the hearing as required by the hearing notice. There is no evidence the hearing notice was returned by the postal service as undeliverable for any reason.

The administrative law judge has conducted a careful review of the administrative file to determine whether the unemployment insurance decision should be affirmed.

Ms. Burhop's appeal is on its face late. The June 17, 2013, reference 01, decision carried on its face a June 27, 2013 deadline for appeal. Ms. Burhop mailed her appeal in an envelope that bears a July 1, 2013 postmark.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

871 IAC 26.8(3), (4) and (5) provide:

Withdrawals and postponements.

(3) If, due to emergency or other good cause, a party, having received due notice, is unable to attend a hearing or request postponement within the prescribed time, the presiding officer may, if no decision has been issued, reopen the record and, with notice to all parties, schedule another hearing. If a decision has been issued, the decision may be vacated upon the presiding officer's own motion or at the request of a party within 15 days after the mailing date of the decision and in the absence of an appeal to the employment appeal board of the department of inspections and appeals. If a decision is vacated, notice shall be given to all parties of a new hearing to be held and decided by another presiding officer. Once a decision has become final as provided by statute, the presiding officer has no jurisdiction to reopen the record or vacate the decision.

(4) A request to reopen a record or vacate a decision may be heard ex parte by the presiding officer. The granting or denial of such a request may be used as a grounds for appeal to the employment appeal board of the department of inspections and appeals upon the issuance of the presiding officer's final decision in the case.

(5) If good cause for postponement or reopening has not been shown, the presiding officer shall make a decision based upon whatever evidence is properly in the record.

The administrative law judge has carefully reviewed evidence in the record and concludes that the unemployment insurance decision previously entered in this case is correct and should be affirmed.

Because the appeal is on its face late, absent testimony from Ms. Burhop to provide good cause to treat her late appeal as a timely appeal, there would be no legal authority for disturbing the June 17, 2013, reference 01, decision that denied benefits based on an agency conclusion that Ms. Burhop had voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to the employer on May 9, 2013.

Pursuant to the rule, the appellant must make a written request to the administrative law judge that the hearing be reopened within 15 days after the mailing date of this decision. The written request should be mailed to the administrative law judge at the address listed at the beginning of this decision and must explain the emergency or other good cause that prevented the appellant from participating in the hearing at its scheduled time.

DECISION:

The Agency representative's June 17, 2013, reference 01, decision is affirmed. The decision that denied benefits based on an agency conclusion that the claimant voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to the employer on May 9, 2013 remains in effect. This decision will become final unless a written request establishing good cause to reopen the record is made to the administrative law judge within 15 days of the date of this decision.

The parties should ignore the hearing notice mailed on August 9, 2013 that reset the hearing for September 12, 2013. If Ms. Burhop disagrees with the present decision, she must file an appeal from the present decision within 15 days of the mailing date of the decision.

James E. Timberland
Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

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