IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT Unemployment Insurance Appeals Section 1000 East Grand—Des Moines, Iowa 50319 DECISION OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE 68-0157 (7-97) – 3091078 - EI

ANGELA M JACOBS 2516 S CORAL SIOUX CITY IA 51106

CLOVERLEAF COLD STORAGE CO 2800 CLOVERLEAF ST SIOUX CITY IA 51111 Appeal Number: 06A-UI-01728-LT

OC: 01-01-06 R: 01 Claimant: Respondent (4)

This Decision Shall Become Final, unless within fifteen (15) days from the date below, you or any interested party appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by submitting either a signed letter or a signed written Notice of Appeal, directly to the *Employment Appeal Board, 4th Floor—Lucas Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.*

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

STATE CLEARLY

- The name, address and social security number of the claimant
- A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken.
- 3. That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.
- 4. The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in this appeal or you may obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds. It is important that you file your claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

(Administrative Law Judge)	
(Decision Dated & Mailed)	

Iowa Code §96.4(3) - Able and Available Iowa Code §96.5(1) - Voluntary Leaving

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Employer filed a timely appeal from the February 2, 2006, reference 02, decision that allowed benefits. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held on March 1, 2006. Claimant did not participate. Employer did participate through Jean Elkins.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant was employed from 2003 through January 18, 2006. On March 6, 2005 employer split the company with claimant working for the newly formed subsidiary while retaining the same job, location, benefits, wages, and hours and the employer obtained two new federal identification numbers and IWD account numbers.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes that the claimant is not able to work and available for work.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

Iowa Code section 96.4-3 provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph 1, or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

871 IAC 24.22(2) provides:

Benefits eligibility conditions. For an individual to be eligible to receive benefits the department must find that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work. The individual bears the burden of establishing that the individual is able to work, available for work, and earnestly and actively seeking work.

(2) Available for work. The availability requirement is satisfied when an individual is willing, able, and ready to accept suitable work which the individual does not have good cause to refuse, that is, the individual is genuinely attached to the labor market. Since, under unemployment insurance laws, it is the availability of an individual that is required to be tested, the labor market must be described in terms of the individual. A labor market for an individual means a market for the type of service which the individual offers in the geographical area in which the individual offers the service. Market in that sense does not mean that job vacancies must exist; the purpose of unemployment insurance is to compensate for lack of job vacancies. It means only that the type of services which an individual is offering is generally performed in the geographical area in which the individual is offering the services.

Since claimant retained her employment without any changes other than a tax reporting change that affects only the employer, claimant was not considered unemployed between March 6, 2005 and December 22, 2005. Accordingly, benefits are denied for that period because of claimant's ineligibility for benefits but no disqualification is imposed. However, reference 01 has not been appealed to date and that disqualification remains in full force and effect.

DECISION:

The February 2, 2006, reference 02, decision is modified in favor of the appellant. The claimant is not able to work and available for work effective March 6, 2005. Benefits are denied through December 22, 2005 and the separation decision (reference 01) on that date governs claimant's qualification for benefits as of the effective claim date of January 1, 2006.

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