# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**DANIEL J BISHOP** 

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 07A-UI-00302-SWT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

CARGILL MEAT SOLUTIONS CORPORATION

Employer

OC: 12/03/06 R: 03 Claimant: Respondent (4)

Section 96.5-1-a – Voluntary Quit to Accept Other Employment

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The employer appealed an unemployment insurance decision dated December 28, 2006, reference 01, that concluded the claimant voluntarily quit employment with good cause. A telephone hearing was held on February 1, 2007. The claimant participated in the hearing. Katie Dierks participated on behalf of the employer.

### FINDINGS OF FACT:

The claimant worked for the employer as a production worker from April 26, 2004 to October 19, 2006. The claimant voluntarily left employment on October 19, 2006 to accept a job with Kelly Services. The claimant performed services for Kelly Services.

## **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

The issue in this case is whether the claimant voluntarily quit employment without good cause attributable to the employer.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1-a provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

- 1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department. But the individual shall not be disqualified if the department finds that:
- a. The individual left employment in good faith for the sole purpose of accepting other or better employment, which the individual did accept, and the individual performed services in the new employment. Benefits relating to wage credits earned with the employer that the individual has left shall be charged to the unemployment compensation fund. This paragraph applies to both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding section 96.8, subsection 5.

The claimant left work to accept other employment and performed services in that new employment. The claimant is qualified to receive unemployment insurance benefits based on his separation from employment with the employer, provided he is otherwise eligible. Pursuant to the statute, the employer's account will not be charged for benefits paid to the claimant.

## **DECISION:**

The unemployment insurance decision dated December 28, 2006, reference 01, is modified in favor of the employer. The claimant is qualified to receive unemployment insurance benefits, provided he is otherwise eligible. The employer's account will be exempt from charge for benefits paid to the claimant.

Steven A. Wise
Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

saw/kjw