# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

**ALYSSA R KAFER** 

Claimant

APPEAL 21A-UI-16632-AD-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

NUCARA HOME ASSISTANCE, INC

Employer

OC: 03/22/20

Claimant: Appellant (1)

lowa Code § 96.6(2) – Filing – Timely Appeal

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

On July 29, 2021, Alyssa Kafer (claimant/appellant) filed an appeal from the November 2, 2020 (reference 03) unemployment insurance decision that denied benefits as of July 26, 2020 based on a finding claimant was still employed for the same hours and wages.

A telephone hearing was held on September 21, 2021. The parties were properly notified of the hearing. Claimant participated personally. Nucara Home Assistance, Inc (employer/respondent) Owner Jessica Fairbanks. Official notice was taken of the administrative record.

## ISSUE(S):

I. Is the appeal timely?

#### FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds:

The Unemployment Insurance Decision was mailed to claimant at the above address on November 2, 2020. That was claimant's correct address at that time. The decision states that it becomes final unless an appeal is postmarked or received by lowa Workforce Development Appeals Section by November 12, 2020. However, if the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the appeal period is extended to the next working day. Claimant appealed the decision on July 29, 2021.

The administrative record shows decisions denying benefits were sent to claimant on September 14, 2020 and November 2, 2020. Decisions finding claimant was overpaid were sent to claimant on May 28, 2021 and July 20, 2021.

Claimant is unsure what decisions she received and when. She testified that she was unaware she was denied benefits until May, June, or July 2021. She could not provide a more specific date of when she became aware of the denial. She does recall receiving decisions which found she was overpaid benefits but does not recall when she received those. She is unsure if she

noted the deadline to appeal when she received those decisions. She was unable to provide a specific reason for the delay in appealing.

#### **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant's appeal was untimely. The September 14, 2020 (reference 02) unemployment insurance decision that denied benefits as of March 22, 2020 based on a finding claimant was still employed for the same hours and wages is therefore final and remains in force.

lowa Code § 96.6(2) provides, in pertinent part: "[u]nless the claimant or other interested party, after notification or within ten calendar days after notification was mailed to the claimant's last known address, files an appeal from the decision, the decision is final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance with the decision."

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.35(1)(a) provides:

- 1. Except as otherwise provided by statute or by division rule, any payment, appeal, application, request, notice, objection, petition, report or other information or document submitted to the division shall be considered received by and filed with the division:
- (a) If transmitted via the United States Postal Service on the date it is mailed as shown by the postmark, or in the absence of a postmark the postage meter mark on the envelope in which it is received; or if not postmarked or postage meter marked or if the mark is illegible, on the date entered on the document as the date of completion.

(b)

(c) If transmitted by any means other than [United States Postal Service or the State Identification Data Exchange System (SIDES)], on the date it is received by the division.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.35(2) provides:

2. The submission of any payment, appeal, application, request, notice, objection, petition, report or other information or document not within the specified statutory or regulatory period shall be considered timely if it is established to the satisfaction of the division that the delay in submission was due to division error or misinformation or to delay or other action of the United States postal service.

There is a mandatory duty to file appeals from representatives' decisions within the time allotted by statute, and the Administrative Law Judge has no authority to change the decision of representative if a timely appeal is not filed. *Franklin v. Iowa Dept. Job Service*, 277 N.W.2d 877, 881 (Iowa 1979). The ten-day period for appealing an initial determination concerning a claim for benefits has been described as jurisdictional. *Messina v. Iowa Dept. of Job Service*, 341 N.W.2d 52, 55 (Iowa 1983); *Beardslee v. Iowa Dept. Job Service*, 276 N.W.2d 373 (Iowa 1979). The only basis for changing the ten-day period would be where notice to the appealing party was constitutionally invalid. *E.g. Beardslee v. Iowa Dept. Job* Service, 276 N.W.2d 373, 377 (Iowa 1979). The question in such cases becomes whether the appellant was deprived of a reasonable opportunity to assert an appeal in a timely fashion. *Hendren v. Iowa Employment Sec. Commission*, 217 N.W.2d 255 (Iowa 1974); *Smith v. Iowa Employment Sec. Commission*, 212 N.W.2d 471 (Iowa 1973). The question of whether the Claimant has been denied a reasonable opportunity to assert an appeal is also informed by rule 871-24.35(2) which states that "the submission of any ...appeal...not within the specified statutory or regulatory period shall be considered timely if it is established to the satisfaction of the division that the delay in submission

was due to division error or misinformation or to delay or other action of the United States postal service."

The administrative record shows the decision was sent to claimant at the correct address on November 2, 2020. Claimant has not established a good cause reason for the delay in appealing and the appeal is therefore untimely. Because the appeal is not timely, the decision has become final and the administrative law judge lacks jurisdiction to change it.

## **DECISION:**

The administrative law judge concludes the claimant's appeal was untimely. The November 2, 2020 (reference 03) unemployment insurance decision that denied benefits as of July 26, 2020 based on a finding claimant was still employed for the same hours and wages is therefore final and remains in force.

Andrew B. Duffelmeyer

Administrative Law Judge

Unemployment Insurance Appeals Bureau

and Nopelmeyor

1000 East Grand Avenue

Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0209

Fax (515) 478-3528

<u>September 24, 2021</u>

**Decision Dated and Mailed** 

abd/mh

# Note to Claimant:

If you disagree with this decision, you may file an appeal with the Employment Appeal Board by following the instructions on the first page of this decision. If this decision denies benefits, you may be responsible for paying back benefits already received.

Individuals who are disqualified from or are otherwise ineligible for <u>regular</u> unemployment insurance benefits but who are unemployed for reasons related to COVID-19 may qualify for Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA). **You will need to apply for PUA to determine your eligibility.** Additional information on how to apply for PUA can be found at https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information.