IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

GREGORIO S PUERTAS Claimant

APPEAL 17A-UI-06694-DG-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

IOWA INSULATION CORPORATION

Employer

OC: 02/12/17 Claimant: Appellant (2)

Iowa Code § 96.5(3)a – Failure to Accept Work

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed an appeal from the June 22, 2017, (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision that denied benefits based upon refusing an offer of work. After due notice was issued, a telephone conference hearing was scheduled for July 19, 2017. Claimant did appear by phone with the assistance of a Spanish interpreter. Employer did not register for the hearing. Employer did send in a letter explaining what had occurred and it was marked and admitted as Exhibit 1. No hearing was held as there was sufficient evidence in the employer's letter and administrative record to resolve the matter without testimony.

ISSUES:

Was a suitable offer of work made to the claimant? If so, did the claimant fail to accept and was the failure to do so for a good cause reason?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed written testimony and having reviewed the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Employer made an offer of work to claimant in-person in April, 2017 for work that would be beginning in late June or early July, 2017. Claimant agreed to accept the work as soon as it was available. Claimant did begin working for employer as the parties had intended on July 5, 2017.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant did not refuse a suitable offer of work.

Claimant was offered seasonal work that would begin in late June or early July, 2017. Claimant accepted employer's offer and he began working for employer on July 5, 2017. There was no work available for claimant in April, 2017 when the offer was made.

lowa Code section 96.5(3)a provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

3. Failure to accept work. If the department finds that an individual has failed, without good cause, either to apply for available, suitable work when directed by the department or to accept suitable work when offered that individual. The department shall, if possible, furnish the individual with the names of employers which are seeking employees. The individual shall apply to and obtain the signatures of the employers designated by the department on forms provided by the department. However, the employers may refuse to sign the forms. The individual's failure to obtain the signatures of designated employers, which have not refused to sign the forms, shall disgualify the individual for benefits until regualified. To regualify for benefits after disgualification under this subsection, the individual shall work in and be paid wages for insured work equal to ten times the individual's weekly benefit amount, provided the individual is otherwise eligible. a. (1) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the department shall consider the degree of risk involved to the individual's health, safety, and morals, the individual's physical fitness, prior training, length of unemployment, and prospects for securing local work in the individual's customary occupation, the distance of the available work from the individual's residence, and any other factor which the department finds bears a reasonable relation to the purposes of this paragraph. Work is suitable if the work meets all the other criteria of this paragraph and if the gross weekly wages for the work equal or exceed the following percentages of the individual's average weekly wage for insured work paid to the individual during that guarter of the individual's base period in which the individual's wages were highest:

(a) One hundred percent, if the work is offered during the first five weeks of unemployment.

(b) Seventy-five percent, if the work is offered during the sixth through the twelfth week of unemployment.

(c) Seventy percent, if the work is offered during the thirteenth through the eighteenth week of unemployment.

(d) Sixty-five percent, if the work is offered after the eighteenth week of unemployment.

(2) However, the provisions of this paragraph shall not require an individual to accept employment below the federal minimum wage.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.24(4) provides:

(4) Work refused when the claimant fails to meet the benefit eligibility conditions of lowa Code section 96.4(3). Before a disqualification for failure to accept work may be imposed, an individual must first satisfy the benefit eligibility conditions of being able to work and available for work and not unemployed for failing to bump a fellow employee with less seniority. If the facts indicate that the claimant was or is not available for work, and this resulted in the failure to accept work or apply for work, such claimant shall not be disqualified for refusal since the claimant is not available for work. In such a case it is the availability of the claimant that is to be tested. Lack of transportation, illness or health conditions, illness in family, and child care problems are generally considered to be good cause for refusing work or refusing to apply for work. However, the claimant's availability would be the issue to be determined in these types of cases.

Iowa Code section 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially

unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph (1), or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

The claimant accepted employer's offer of work. The employer mistakenly provided inaccurate information to the department during its fact-finding investigation. The claimant began working for employer on July 5, 2017 as was contemplated at the time of hire. Benefits are allowed.

DECISION:

The June 22, 2017, (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision is reversed. The claimant did not refuse a suitable offer of work. Claimant accepted the work that was offered to him. Benefits are allowed, provided claimant is otherwise eligible.

Duane L. Golden Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

dlg/scn