

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT  
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS**

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**MIKE GARVIN**  
Claimant

**APPEAL NO. 11A-UI-07275-PT**

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE  
DECISION**

**HEALTHCARE SERVICES GROUP INC**  
Employer

**OC: 01/02/11**  
**Claimant: Respondent (1)**

Section 96.6-2 – Timeliness of Protest

**STATEMENT OF THE CASE:**

The employer appealed the representative's decision dated May 27, 2011, reference 02, that concluded it failed to file a timely protest regarding the claimant's separation of employment on January 2, 2011, and no disqualification of unemployment insurance benefits was imposed. A hearing was scheduled for and held on June 27, 2011, pursuant to due notice. Claimant failed to respond to the notice of hearing and did not participate. Employer participated by Kathryn Juden from TALX and Shane Kluever, district manager. Employer's Exhibit 1 was received.

**ISSUE:**

The issue in this matter is whether the employer's protest is timely.

**FINDINGS OF FACT:**

The administrative law judge, having considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The claimant's notice of claim was mailed to the employer's address of record on January 10, 2011 and received by the employer within ten days. The notice of claim contains a warning that any protest must be postmarked or returned not later than ten days from the initial mailing date. The employer did not affect a protest until May 19, 2011, which is after the ten-day period had expired. The employer prepared a letter of protest on January 20, 2011 and believes that their mailroom provided the envelope containing that letter to the postal service on that day but did not have a record of such envelope being picked up by the postal service on that day.

**REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

Iowa Code section 96.6-2 provides in pertinent part:

2. Initial determination. A representative designated by the director shall promptly notify all interested parties to the claim of its filing, and the parties have ten days from the date of mailing the notice of the filing of the claim by ordinary mail to the last known address to protest payment of benefits to the claimant.

Another portion of this same Code section dealing with timeliness of an appeal from a representative's decision states that such an appeal must be filed within ten days after notification of that decision was mailed. In addressing an issue of timeliness of an appeal under that portion of this Code section, the Iowa Supreme Court held that this statute prescribing the time for notice of appeal clearly limits the time to do so, and that compliance with the appeal notice provision is mandatory and jurisdictional. Beardslee v. IDJS, 276 N.W.2d 373 (Iowa 1979).

The administrative law judge considers the reasoning and holding of that court in that decision to be controlling on this portion of that same Iowa Code section which deals with a time limit in which to file a protest after notification of the filing of the claim has been mailed. The employer has not shown any good cause for not complying with the jurisdictional time limit. Therefore, the administrative law judge is without jurisdiction to entertain any protest regarding the separation from employment.

The administrative law judge concludes the employer failed to effect a timely protest within the time period prescribed by the Iowa Employment Security Law, and the delay was not due to any Agency error or misinformation or delay or other action of the United States Postal Service pursuant to 871 IAC 24.35(2). The administrative law judge further concludes that the employer has failed to effect a timely protest pursuant to Iowa Code section 96.6-2, and the administrative law judge lacks jurisdiction to make a determination with respect to the nature of the claimant's termination of employment. See Beardslee v. IDJS, 276 N.W.2d 373 (Iowa 1979); Franklin v. IDJS, 277 N.W.2d 877 (Iowa 1979) and Pepsi-Cola Bottling Company v. Employment Appeal Board, 465 N.W.2d 674 (Iowa App. 1990).

**DECISION:**

The decision of the representative dated May 27, 2011, reference 02, is affirmed. The employer has failed to file a timely protest, and the decision of the representative shall stand and remain in full force and effect.

---

Ron Pohlman  
Administrative Law Judge

---

Decision Dated and Mailed

rrp/kjw