IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

BARTH J LEMKE Claimant

APPEAL NO: 09A-UI-18924-ST

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

MALT-O-MEAL COMPANY Employer

> OC: 11/15/09 Claimant: Appellant (1)

Section 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit 871 IAC 24.25(4) – Absent Without Notice

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant appealed a department decision dated December 11, 2009, reference 01, that held he voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to his employer on September 20, 2009, and benefits are denied. A telephone hearing was held on January 28, 2010. The claimant did not participate. Nancy Woods, HR Manager, participated for the employer.

ISSUE:

Whether the claimant voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to the employer.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge having heard the testimony of the witness, and having considered the evidence in the record, finds: The claimant worked for the employer as a full-time laborer from August 1, 2008 to September 20, 2009. The claimant failed to call in and report for scheduled work in violation of the employer policy that is considered a voluntary quit of employment.

The claimant failed to respond to the hearing notice.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

Iowa Code section 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

871 IAC 24.25(4) provides:

Voluntary quit without good cause. In general, a voluntary quit means discontinuing the employment because the employee no longer desires to remain in the relationship of an employee with the employer from whom the employee has separated. The employer has the burden of proving that the claimant is disqualified for benefits pursuant to Iowa Code section 96.5. However, the claimant has the initial burden to produce evidence that the claimant is not disqualified for benefits in cases involving Iowa Code section 96.5, subsection (1), paragraphs "a" through "i," and subsection 10. The following reasons for a voluntary quit shall be presumed to be without good cause attributable to the employer:

(4) The claimant was absent for three days without giving notice to employer in violation of company rule.

The administrative law judge concludes the claimant voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to his employer due to job abandonment.

The claimant failed to call in and report for scheduled work after September 20, 2009 in violation of the employer policy.

DECISION:

The department decision dated December 11, 2009, reference 01, is affirmed. The claimant voluntarily quit without good cause due to job abandonment on September 20, 2009. Benefits are denied until the claimant requalifies by working in and being paid wages for insured work equal to ten times his weekly benefit amount, provided the claimant is otherwise eligible.

Randy L. Stephenson Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

rls/css