IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

LARRY OSBORNE

Claimant

APPEAL NO: 11A-UI-05665-BT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

DECISION

BILL WOODALL KENNELS INC

Employer

OC: 11/14/10

Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.3-5 - Business Closing

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Larry Osborne (claimant) appealed an unemployment insurance decision dated April 19, 2011, reference 05, which denied his request to have his claim redetermined due to a business closing. After hearing notices were mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record, a telephone hearing was held on May 23, 2011. The claimant participated in the hearing. The employer participated through owner Mark Arno. Based on the evidence, the arguments of the parties, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law, and decision.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant became unemployed as a result of his employer going out of business.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The claimant was hired by Julia Ward in January 2010 as an assistant trainer since Ms. Ward was merging her company with the Bill Woodall Kennel in Council Bluffs. The claimant worked at the Bill Woodall Kennel which is located on the Bluffs Run Casino in Council Bluffs. The merger did not go through and the claimant was laid off on November 7, 2010. The employer continues to operate the same business at the same location and has not permanently closed its doors.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

At issue in this matter is whether the claimant became unemployed as a result of his employer going out of business.

Iowa Code § 96.3-5 provides:

5. Duration of benefits. The maximum total amount of benefits payable to an eligible individual during a benefit year shall not exceed the total of the wage credits accrued to

the individual's account during the individual's base period, or twenty-six times the individual's weekly benefit amount, whichever is the lesser. The director shall maintain a separate account for each individual who earns wages in insured work. The director shall compute wage credits for each individual by crediting the individual's account with one-third of the wages for insured work paid to the individual during the individual's base period. However, the director shall recompute wage credits for an individual who is laid off due to the individual's employer going out of business at the factory, establishment, or other premises at which the individual was last employed, by crediting the individual's account with one-half, instead of one-third, of the wages for insured work paid to the individual during the individual's base period. Benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be charged against the base period wage credits in the individual's account which have not been previously charged, in the inverse chronological order as the wages on which the wage credits are based were paid. However if the state "off indicator" is in effect and if the individual is laid off due to the individual's employer going out of business at the factory, establishment, or other premises at which the individual was last employed, the maximum benefits payable shall be extended to thirty-nine times the individual's weekly benefit amount, but not to exceed the total of the wage credits accrued to the individual's account.

871 IAC 24.29(1) provides:

Business closing.

(1) Whenever an employer at a factory, establishment, or other premises goes out of business at which the individual was last employed and is laid off, the individual's account is credited with one-half, instead of one-third, of the wages for insured work paid to the individual during the individual's base period. This rule also applies retroactively for monetary redetermination purposes during the current benefit year of the individual who is temporarily laid off with the expectation of returning to work once the temporary or seasonal factors have been eliminated and is prevented from returning to work because of the going out of business of the employer within the same benefit year of the individual. This rule also applies to an individual who works in temporary employment between the layoff from the business closing employer and the Claim for Benefits. For the purposes of this rule, temporary employment means employment of a duration not to exceed four weeks.

The determination as to whether an individual is unemployed as a result of a business closing is made in relation to the location where the individual was last employed. In other words, the inquiry is whether the employer has gone out of business at the factory, establishment or other premises where the individual was last employed.

871 IAC 24.29(2) provides:

(2) Going out of business means any factory, establishment, or other premises of an employer which closes its door and ceases to function as a business; however, an employer is not considered to have gone out of business at the factory, establishment, or other premises in any case in which the employer sells or otherwise transfers the business to another employer, and the successor employer continues to operate the business.

The evidence establishes that the employer continues to operate a business at the location at which the claimant had been working. Therefore, the claimant did not become separated from

his employer as a result of his employer going out of business as that term is defined by the lowa Employment Security law. The claimant's unemployment insurance claim should not be recalculated based upon a business closing.

DECISION:

The unemployment insurance decision dated April 19, 2011, reference 05, is affirmed. The claimant is not unemployed as a result of his employer going out of business at the location where he was last employed. His claim should not be recalculated based on a business that has permanently closed its doors.

Susan D. Ackerman
Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

sda/pjs