IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT **Unemployment Insurance Appeals Section** 1000 East Grand—Des Moines, Iowa 50319 **DECISION OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE** 

68-0157 (7-97) - 3091078 - EI

**ANGELA M VAN BEEK** 602 W 5th ST SANBORN IA 51248

PRAIRIE VIEW LEASING **610 EASTERN SANBORN IA 51248** 

**Appeal Number:** 04A-UI-07917-S2T

OC: 06/20/04 R: 01 Claimant: Appellant (1)

This Decision Shall Become Final, unless within fifteen (15) days from the date below, you or any interested party appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by submitting either a signed letter or a signed written Notice of Appeal, directly to the Employment Appeal Board, 4th Floor-Lucas Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

#### STATE CLEARLY

- The name, address and social security number of the claimant.
- 2. A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken
- 3. That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.
- The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in this appeal or you may obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds. It is important that you file your claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

(Administrative Law Judge)
(Decision Dated & Mailed)

Section 96.5-1 - Voluntary Quit

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Angela Van Beek (claimant) appealed a representative's July 14, 2004 decision (reference 01) that concluded she was not eligible to receive unemployment insurance benefits because she had voluntarily quit employment with Prairie View Leasing (employer). After hearing notices were mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record, a telephone hearing was held on August 12, 2004. The claimant participated personally. The employer participated by Laura Klink, Accountant, and Marian Stevenson, Administrator.

### FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The claimant was hired on November 20, 2000 as a full-time certified nurse's aid. The claimant requested and was granted Family Medical Leave (FMLA) from March 27 through June 19, 2004.

On June 17, 2004, the employer reminded the claimant she was to return to work on June 19, 2004. The claimant told the employer she would not be able to return to work immediately. She had a physician's note which excused her from working through July 11, 2004. On June 18, 2004, the employer sent a letter to the claimant indicating that the claimant would be considered a voluntary quit because she did not return to work at the end of her leave. The claimant did not contact the employer and request additional leave. She did not seek reemployment on July 11, 2004.

# REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The issue is whether the claimant voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to the employer. For the following reasons, the administrative law judge concludes she did.

Iowa Code Section 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

A voluntary leaving of employment requires an intention to terminate the employment relationship accompanied by an overt act of carrying out that intention. <u>Local Lodge #1426 v. Wilson Trailer</u>, 289 N.W.2d 608, 612 (Iowa 1980). The claimant's intention to voluntarily leave work was evidenced by her actions. She did not appear for work or request further leave. There was no evidence presented at the hearing of good cause attributable to the employer. The claimant voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are denied.

## **DECISION:**

The representative's July 14, 2004 decision (reference 01) is affirmed. The claimant voluntarily left work without good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are withheld until she has worked in and has been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times her weekly benefit amount, provided she is otherwise eligible.

bas/tjc