

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
Unemployment Insurance Appeals Section
1000 East Grand—Des Moines, Iowa 50319
DECISION OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
68-0157 (7-97) – 3091078 - EI**

**KAYE M THOMPSON
1414 REBECCA ST APT 4
SIOUX CITY IA 51103**

**SALEM MANAGEMENT INC
RUDY SALEM EMPLOYMENT AGENCY
PO BOX 3124
SIOUX CITY IA 51102**

**RICHARD STURGEON
PARALEGAL
WORKERS HAVE RIGHTS TOO
PO BOX 3372
SIOUX CITY IA 51102-3372**

**Appeal Number: 04A-UI-00032-S2T
OC 07/27/03 R 01
Claimant: Respondent (1)**

This Decision Shall Become Final, unless within fifteen (15) days from the date below, you or any interested party request the Appeals Section to reopen the record at the address listed at the top of this decision or appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by submitting either a signed letter or a signed written Notice of Appeal, directly to the **Employment Appeal Board, 4th Floor—Lucas Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319.**

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

STATE CLEARLY

1. The name, address and social security number of the claimant.
2. A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken.
3. That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.
4. The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in this appeal or you may obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds. It is important that you file your claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

(Administrative Law Judge)

(Decision Dated & Mailed)

Section 96.5-1-j – Separation from Temporary Employer

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Salem Management (employer) appealed a representative's December 22, 2003 decision (reference 04) that concluded Kaye Thompson (claimant) was eligible to receive unemployment insurance benefits based on her separation from work. After hearing notices were mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record, a telephone hearing was held on February 12, 2004. The claimant was represented by Richard Sturgeon, Paralegal, and participated personally. The employer participated by Cyd Fleckenstein-Hall, Office Manager; and Ryan Sweet, Sales Manager.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The employer is a temporary employment service. The claimant performed services from October 30 through November 5, 2003. She signed a document on October 29, 2003, indicating that she was to contact the employer within three days following the completion of an assignment to request placement in a new assignment. The employer gave the claimant a copy of the document.

The claimant was absent due to illness on November 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, 2003. The claimant properly reported her absence. The claimant returned to the employer on November 11, 2003, but no work was available.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The issue is whether the claimant was separated from the employer for any disqualifying reason. As an employee of a temporary service, the claimant must seek reassignment within three-days of the end of her assignment.

Iowa Code Section 96.5-1-j provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department, but the individual shall not be disqualified if the department finds that:

j. The individual is a temporary employee of a temporary employment firm who notifies the temporary employment firm of completion of an employment assignment and who seeks reassignment. Failure of the individual to notify the temporary employment firm of completion of an employment assignment within three working days of the completion of each employment assignment under a contract of hire shall be deemed a voluntary quit unless the individual was not advised in writing of the duty to notify the temporary employment firm upon completion of an employment assignment or the individual had good cause for not contacting the temporary employment firm within three working days and notified the firm at the first reasonable opportunity thereafter.

To show that the employee was advised in writing of the notification requirement of this paragraph, the temporary employment firm shall advise the temporary employee by requiring the temporary employee, at the time of employment with the temporary employment firm, to read and sign a document that provides a clear and concise explanation of the notification requirement and the consequences of a failure to notify. The document shall be separate from any contract of employment and a copy of the signed document shall be provided to the temporary employee.

For the purposes of this paragraph:

(1) "Temporary employee" means an individual who is employed by a temporary employment firm to provide services to clients to supplement their work force during absences, seasonal workloads, temporary skill or labor market shortages, and for special assignments and projects.

(2) "Temporary employment firm" means a person engaged in the business of employing temporary employees.

The claimant sought reassignment and has, therefore, satisfied the requirements of Iowa Code Section 96.5-1-j. Benefits are allowed.

DECISION:

The representative's December 22, 2003 decision (reference 04) is affirmed. The claimant is eligible to receive unemployment insurance benefits.

bas/kjf