

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU**

MORGAN D STANGL
Claimant

CARE INITIATIVES
Employer

APPEAL 20A-UI-05154-CL-T

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
DECISION**

OC: 03/29/20
Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.4(3) – Ability to and Availability for Work
Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(10) – Able & Available – Availability Disqualifications
Iowa Code § 96.3(7) – Recovery of Benefit Overpayment
PL 116-136, Sec. 2104(b) – Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

On June 1, 2020, the claimant filed an appeal from the May 29, 2020, (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision that denied benefits based on claimant's availability for work. The parties were properly notified about the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on June 29, 2020. Claimant participated. Tara Stangl observed. Employer did not register for the hearing and did not participate.

ISSUES:

Is the claimant able to and available for work?
Is the claimant on a voluntary leave of absence?
Was the claimant overpaid unemployment insurance benefits?
Is the claimant eligible for Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant began working for employer in July 2016. Claimant works for employer as a part-time CNA.

Employer is a long term facility and was one of the first facilities in the state of Iowa to have a COVID 19 outbreak.

Claimant has an underlying health condition that makes her at high risk of complications if she contracts COVID 19.

Claimant was off work from March 15, 2020, until June 20, 2020, on a leave of absence. Claimant returned to work two to three weeks after employer was cleared as a COVID 19 free environment. This was all at the recommendation of claimant's medical care provider.

Claimant has received regular, state funded unemployment insurance benefits and Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) benefits since filing this claim with an effective date of March 29, 2020.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes that the claimant is not able to work and available for work effective March 29, 2020.

Iowa Code section 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph (1), or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(10) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(10) The claimant requested and was granted a leave of absence, such period is deemed to be a period of voluntary unemployment and shall be considered ineligible for benefits for such period.

Here, claimant was on a leave of absence due to an underlying health condition that made her at high risk of developing complications if she contracted COVID 19. Claimant has not established she is able to and available for work, even under the United States Department of Labor's guidance to flexibly interpret this requirement. See Unemployment Insurance Program Letter No. 10-20. Therefore, claimant is not eligible for regular, state-funded unemployment insurance benefits from the effective date of her claim.

Even though claimant is not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits under state law, she may be eligible for federally funded unemployment insurance benefits under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("Cares Act"), Public Law 116-136. Section 2102 of the CARES Act creates a new temporary federal program called Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) that in general provides up to 39 weeks of unemployment benefits. An individual receiving PUA benefits may also receive the \$600 weekly benefit amount (WBA) under the Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) program if he or she is eligible for such compensation for the week claimed.

The administrative law judge will not consider the issue of whether claimant has been overpaid benefits prior to the denial decision being issued, as claimant may be eligible for Pandemic

Unemployment Assistance, and in that case, such a decision would be unnecessary. However, the administrative law judge cautions claimant that if she is not approved for PUA, she may be found to have been overpaid benefits and will have to repay those benefits.

DECISION:

The May 29, 2020, (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision is affirmed. The claimant is not available for work effective March 29, 2020, and regular, state-funded unemployment insurance benefits are denied. Claimant may be eligible for Pandemic Unemployment Assistance.



Christine A. Louis
Administrative Law Judge
Unemployment Insurance Appeals Bureau
1000 East Grand Avenue
Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0209
Fax (515)478-3528

July 8, 2020
Decision Dated and Mailed

cal/scn

Note to Claimant: This decision determines you are not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits. If you disagree with this decision you may file an appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by following the instructions on the first page of this decision. Individuals who do not qualify for regular unemployment insurance benefits, but who are currently unemployed for reasons related to COVID-19 may qualify for Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA). **If you are not allowed PUA benefits, the agency may find that you have been overpaid regular, unemployment insurance benefits and you may be required to repay those benefits.**

Additional information on PUA can be found at <https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information>.