# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

LAURA A CLEMENT

Claimant

**APPEAL NO. 20A-UI-05519-B2T** 

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

DES MOINES IND COMMUNITY SCH DIST

Employer

OC: 04/19/20

Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit

# STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated May 29, 2020, reference 01, which held claimant ineligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on June 29, 2020. Claimant participated. Employer participated by Rhonda Wagoner. Claimant's exhibits A-B were admitted into evidence.

#### ISSUES:

Whether claimant guit for good cause attributable to employer?

## FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant last worked for employer on August 21, 2020. Claimant voluntarily quit her job on that date to move to take care of her grandmother with Alzheimer's disease. At the time of claimant's quit employer had ongoing work available for claimant. Claimant stated that she loved her work and had no difficulties with work.

## **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

Iowa Code section 96.5(1) provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits, regardless of the source of the individual's wage credits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

The administrative law judge holds that the evidence has failed to establish that claimant voluntarily quit for good cause attributable to employer when claimant terminated the employment relationship because claimant was moving to take care of her grandmother with Alzheimer's disease.

Ordinarily "good cause" is derived from the facts of each case keeping in mind the public policy stated in lowa Code Section 96.2. *O'Brien v. EAB* 494 N.W.2d 660, 662 (lowa 1993) (citing *Wiese v. IA Dept. of Job Serv.*, 389 N.W.2d 676, 680 (lowa 1986)). "The term encompasses real circumstances, adequate excuses that will bear the test of reason, just grounds for the action, and always the test of good faith." *Wiese v. IA Dept. of Job Serv.*, 389 N.W.2d 676, 680 (lowa 1986). "Common sense and prudence must be exercised in evaluating all of the circumstances that led to an employee's quit in order to attribute the cause for the termination." *Id.* In this matter, claimant's quit was not brought about through any action on the part of employer but rather occurred as a result of outside occurrences. While outside occurrences often create good cause reasons for a quit, those occurrences do not create reasons for a quit attributable to employer. Therefore, benefits are denied.

Note to Claimant: Even though claimant is not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits under state law, she may be eligible for federally funded unemployment insurance benefits under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("Cares Act"), Public Law 116-136. Section 2102 of the CARES Act creates a new temporary federal program called Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) that in general provides up to 39 weeks of unemployment benefits. An individual receiving PUA benefits may also receive the \$600 weekly benefit amount (WBA) under the Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) program if he or she is eligible for such compensation for the week claimed. You will need to apply for PUA to determine your eligibility under the program. Additional information on how to apply for PUA can be found at <a href="https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information">https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information</a>.

#### **DECISION:**

The decision of the representative dated May 29, 2020, reference 01, is affirmed. Unemployment insurance benefits shall be withheld until claimant has worked in and been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided claimant is otherwise eligible.

Blair A. Bennett

Administrative Law Judge

July 10, 2020\_

**Decision Dated and Mailed** 

bab/sam