BEFORE THE EMPLOYMENT APPEAL BOARD Lucas State Office Building Fourth floor Des Moines, Iowa 50319

CHAD A KNOTTS	: : : HEARING NUMBER: 09B-UI-03720
Claimant,	
and	EMPLOYMENT APPEAL BOARD
PINNACLE FOODS GROUP	

Employer.

NOTICE

THIS DECISION BECOMES FINAL unless (1) a request for a REHEARING is filed with the Employment Appeal Board within 20 days of the date of the Board's decision or, (2) a PETITION TO DISTRICT COURT IS FILED WITHIN 30 days of the date of the Board's decision.

A REHEARING REQUEST shall state the specific grounds and relief sought. If the rehearing request is denied, a petition may be filed in **DISTRICT COURT** within **30 days** of the date of the denial.

SECTION: 96.5-2-a

DECISION

UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ARE ALLOWED IF OTHERWISE ELIGIBLE

The employer appealed this case to the Employment Appeal Board. The members of the Employment Appeal Board, one member dissenting, reviewed the entire record. The Appeal Board finds the administrative law judge's decision is correct. The administrative law judge's Findings of Fact and Reasoning and Conclusions of Law are adopted by the Board as its own. The administrative law judge's decision is AFFIRMED.

John A. Peno

Elizabeth L. Seiser

DISSENTING OPINION OF MONIQUE F. KUESTER:

I respectfully dissent from the majority decision of the Employment Appeal Board; I would reverse the decision of the administrative law judge. I would find that Mr. Knotts was aware that the information was confidential, and that there was no business-related reason for him to access it. The record establishes that he accessed the files three times. While I understand that an inadvertent look at a confidential file could occur, it is the repeated act of viewing this file that I find exemplifies the claimant's willful and intentional disregard for the employer's company policy.

I concede that there is an issue regarding a current act; however, given the magnitude of the investigation and the fact that the plant was closed for various reasons, I would find that the employer's delay to take action was the employer's sincere attempt to ensure that everyone was given a 'fair' investigation. For these reasons, I would conclude that the employer satisfied their burden of proof and I would deny benefits.

Monique F. Kuester

AMG/ss