IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT Unemployment Insurance Appeals Section 1000 East Grand—Des Moines, Iowa 50319 DECISION OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE 68-0157 (7-97) – 3091078 - EI

SANTIAGO V ALONZO APT 20 802 E COUNTY LN RD DES MOINES IA 50320

ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND CO C/o FRICK UC EXPRESS PO BOX 283 ST LOUIS MO 63166-0283

Appeal Number: 05A-UI-12001-H2T

OC: 05-01-05 R: 02 Claimant: Appellant (2)

This Decision Shall Become Final, unless within fifteen (15) days from the date below, you or any interested party appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by submitting either a signed letter or a signed written Notice of Appeal, directly to the *Employment Appeal Board, 4th Floor—Lucas Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50319*.

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

#### STATE CLEARLY

- The name, address and social security number of the claimant.
- 2. A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken.
- 3. That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.
- 4. The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in this appeal or you may obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds. It is important that you file your claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

(Administrative Law Judge)
(Decision Dated & Mailed)

Section 96.5-2-a - Discharge/Misconduct

# STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed a timely appeal from the November 15, 2005, reference 03, decision that denied benefits. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held on December 13, 2005. The claimant did participate. The employer did participate through Russell Godfrey, Production Manager. Employer's Exhibit One was received.

# FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant was employed as a utility worker full time beginning July 19, 2005 through October 7, 2005 when he was discharged. The claimant was discharged due to allegations of not working efficiently with enough care to detail according to the employer's expectations. He had not

received any warnings that his job was in jeopardy for anything other than attendance issues and performed the work to the best of his ability. The claimant was not discharged for attendance issues. The claimant was also told that he was discharged for having a negative attitude.

# REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant was discharged from employment for no disqualifying reason.

Failure in job performance due to inability or incapacity is not considered misconduct because the actions were not volitional. Huntoon v. Iowa Department of Job Service, 275 N.W.2d 445, 448 (Iowa 1979). Where an individual is discharged due to a failure in job performance, proof of that individual's ability to do the job is required to justify disqualification, rather than accepting the employer's subjective view. To do so is to impermissibly shift the burden of proof to the claimant. Kelly v. IDJS, 386 N.W.2d 552 (Iowa App. 1986). Inasmuch as he did attempt to perform the job to the best of his ability but was unable to meet the employer's expectations, no intentional misconduct has been established, as is the employer's burden of proof. Cosper v. IDJS, 321 N.W.2d 6 (Iowa 1982). Accordingly, no disqualification pursuant to Iowa Code section 96.5-2-a is imposed.

# **DECISION:**

The November 15, 2005, reference 03, decision is reversed. The claimant was discharged from employment for no disqualifying reason. Benefits are allowed, provided the claimant is otherwise eligible.

tkh/pis