## IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

GERILYN J BOOTSMA Claimant

# APPEAL 20A-UI-09665-JC-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

# QUATRO COMPOSITES LLC

Employer

OC: 03/29/20 Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.4(3) – Able to and Available for Work Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(10) – Leave of Absence

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant/appellant, Gerilyn J. Bootsma, filed an appeal from the July 31, 2020 (reference 02) lowa Workforce Development ("IWD") unemployment insurance decision that denied benefits and stated she was ineligible for benefits due to a requested leave of absence. The parties were properly notified about the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on September 28, 2020. The claimant participated personally. The employer, Quatro Composites LLC., participated through Jessi DeVries, HR Generalist.

The administrative law judge took official notice of the administrative records. Based on the evidence, the arguments presented, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law, and decision.

#### **ISSUES:**

Is the claimant able to work and available for work effective March 29, 2020? Is the claimant voluntarily unemployed due to a requested leave of absence?

## FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant began work on February 3, 2020 and worked full-time until March 26, 2020. The claimant took a leave of absence due to illness and due to being high-risk if exposed to COVID-19. The employer granted the request and had work available until June 2, 2020, when the claimant was permanently laid off in conjunction with a reduction in workforce.

The issue of the claimant's permanent separation from employment effective June 2, 2020 has been detected and addressed by the Benefits Bureau. This decision will address the period of March 29, 2020 through June 1, 2020 only.

#### REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes as follows:

Iowa Code § 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in § 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", subparagraph 1, or temporarily unemployed as defined in § 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of § 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under § 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(10) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(10) The claimant requested and was granted a leave of absence, such period is deemed to be a period of voluntary unemployment and shall be considered ineligible for benefits for such period.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(3) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(3) If an individual places restrictions on employability as to the wages and type of work that is acceptable and when considering the length of unemployment, such individual has no reasonable expectancy of securing work, such individual will be deemed not to have met the availability requirements of Iowa Code section 96.4(3).

For an unemployed individual to be eligible to receive benefits, she must be able to work, available for work, and actively seeking work as required by the unemployment insurance law. Iowa Code § 96.4(3). The burden is on the claimant to establish that she is able and available for work within the meaning of the statute. Iowa Code § 96.6(2); Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22.

The administrative law judge recognizes the claimant has filed her current claim due to hardship related to the COVID-19 pandemic. Here, the employer has work available for the claimant. However, the claimant informed the employer she was unable to work due to being high risk if exposed to COVID-19. The employer agreed to allow the claimant time off for that reason. The claimant is considered to be on a leave of absence and is not available for work, according to lowa law. Therefore, the claimant is not eligible for regular, state-funded unemployment insurance benefits from March 29, 2020 through June 1, 2020.

Note to Claimant: This decision denies benefits. If this decision becomes final or if you are not eligible for PUA, you may have an overpayment of benefits. If you disagree with this decision you may file an appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by following the instructions on the first page of this decision. Individuals who do not qualify for regular unemployment insurance benefits, but who are currently unemployed for reasons related to COVID-19 may qualify for Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA). You will need to apply for PUA to determine your eligibility under the program. Additional information on how to apply for PUA can be found at

https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information.

## **DECISION:**

The July 31, 2020 (reference 02) initial decision is affirmed. The claimant is not able and available for work effective March 29, 2020- June 1, 2020. Regular unemployment insurance benefits funded by the state of Iowa are denied until such time the claimant is able to and available for work.

Jenniger & Beckman

Jennifer L. Beckman Administrative Law Judge Unemployment Insurance Appeals Bureau Iowa Workforce Development 1000 East Grand Avenue Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0209 Fax 515-478-3528

September 29, 2020 Decision Dated and Mailed

jlb/scn

# NOTE TO CLAIMANT:

- This decision determines you are not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits.
  If you disagree with this decision you may file an appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by following the instructions on the first page of this decision.
- If you do not qualify for regular unemployment insurance benefits due to disqualifying separations and are currently unemployed for reasons related to COVID-19, you may qualify for Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA). You will need to apply for PUA to determine your eligibility under the program. More information about how to apply for PUA is available online at: