# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**AMBERAI SINDLINGER** 

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 20A-UI-05009-B2T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

HILLCREST FAMILY SERVICES

Employer

OC: 03/29/20

Claimant: Respondent (2R)

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(26) – Part-Time Worker – Same Wages and Hours

Iowa Code § 96.4-3 – Able and Available

Iowa Code § 96.7(2)A(2) – Partial Benefits

Iowa Code § 96.19(38) – Total and Partial Unemployment

Iowa Code § 96.3(7) – Recovery of Benefit Overpayment

Federal Law PL 116-136 Sec. 2104 – Eligibility for Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Employer filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated May 28, 2020, reference 01, which held claimant able and available for work. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on June 29, 2020. Claimant participated personally. Employer participated by Daniel Nettie and Michael Fettkether.

## ISSUES:

Whether claimant is still employed at the same hours and wages?

Whether claimant is eligible to receive partial benefits?

Whether claimant is able and available for work?

Whether claimant has been overpaid state unemployment benefits?

Whether claimant is eligible to receive Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation?

### FINDINGS OF FACT:

The claimant currently works for Hillcrest Family Services, her only base period employer, part time under the same terms and conditions as contemplated in the original contract of hire. Claimant has been working as an on call employee for employer for a number of years. Claimant's normal on call hours include Mondays, and a day every other weekend. Claimant received these same hours, with minor fluctuation, during the weeks when she filed for unemployment benefits.

Claimant has been working on call for crisis management since December, 2016 when she resigned from full time hours. She had had essentially the same hours since then, with minor fluctuations.

On March 29, 2020 claimant filed for unemployment. For the next 10 weeks claimant filed unemployment claims. Employer stated that claimant was working her same part time hours throughout her filing for unemployment. Claimant had earned wages every week of her filing. Claimant did not report earnings during her weeks of filing, and therefore received state and federal unemployment benefits.

Claimant has received state unemployment benefits in this matter of \$943.00.

Claimant has received Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation benefits in this matter of \$6,000.00.

## **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant is not partially unemployed.

Iowa Code section 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "b", unnumbered paragraph (1), or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

Iowa Code section 96.19(38) provides:

"Total and partial unemployment".

- a. An individual shall be deemed "totally unemployed" in any week with respect to which no wages are payable to the individual and during which the individual performs no services.
- b. An individual shall be deemed partially unemployed in any week in which either of the following apply:
- (1) While employed at the individual's then regular job, the individual works less than the regular full-time week and in which the individual earns less than the individual's weekly benefit amount plus fifteen dollars.
- (2) The individual, having been separated from the individual's regular job, earns at odd jobs less than the individual's weekly benefit amount plus fifteen dollars.

c. An individual shall be deemed temporarily unemployed if for a period, verified by the department, not to exceed four consecutive weeks, the individual is unemployed due to a plant shutdown, vacation, inventory, lack of work or emergency from the individual's regular job or trade in which the individual worked full-time and will again work full-time, if the individual's employment, although temporarily suspended, has not been terminated.

Iowa Code section 96.7(2)a(2)(a), (b), and (c) provides:

- 2. Contribution rates based on benefit experience.
- a. (2) The amount of regular benefits plus fifty percent of the amount of extended benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be charged against the account of the employers in the base period in the inverse chronological order in which the employment of the individual occurred.
- (a) However, if the individual to whom the benefits are paid is in the employ of a base period employer at the time the individual is receiving the benefits, and the individual is receiving the same employment from the employer that the individual received during the individual's base period, benefits paid to the individual shall not be charged against the account of the employer. This provision applies to both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding subparagraph (3) and section 96.8, subsection 5.
- (b) An employer's account shall not be charged with benefits paid to an individual who left the work of the employer voluntarily without good cause attributable to the employer or to an individual who was discharged for misconduct in connection with the individual's employment, or to an individual who failed without good cause, either to apply for available, suitable work or to accept suitable work with that employer, but shall be charged to the unemployment compensation fund. This paragraph applies to both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding section 96.8, subsection 5.
- (c) The amount of benefits paid to an individual, which is solely due to wage credits considered to be in an individual's base period due to the exclusion and substitution of calendar quarters from the individual's base period under section 96.23, shall be charged against the account of the employer responsible for paying the workers' compensation benefits for temporary total disability or during a healing period under section 85.33, section 85.34, subsection 1, or section 85A.17, or responsible for paying indemnity insurance benefits.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(26) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(26) Where a claimant is still employed in a part-time job at the same hours and wages as contemplated in the original contract for hire and is not working on a reduced workweek basis different from the contract for hire, such claimant cannot be considered partially unemployed.

Iowa Code section 96.3(7) provides, in pertinent part:

- 7. Recovery of overpayment of benefits.
- a. If an individual receives benefits for which the individual is subsequently determined to be ineligible, even though the individual acts in good faith and is not otherwise at fault, the benefits shall be recovered. The department in its discretion may recover the overpayment of benefits either by having a sum equal to the overpayment deducted from any future benefits payable to the individual or by having the individual pay to the department a sum equal to the overpayment.
- b. (1) (a) If the department determines that an overpayment has been made, the charge for the overpayment against the employer's account shall be removed and the account shall be credited with an amount equal to the overpayment from the unemployment compensation trust fund and this credit shall include both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding section 96.8, subsection 5.

The claimant is not considered partially unemployed. Benefits are denied.

Claimant has received state unemployment benefits in this matter of \$943.00. Said benefits are overpayments.

Claimant has received Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation benefits in this matter of \$6,000.00. Claimant is not eligible for these benefits.

As claimant has stated she had earned no wages for an extended period of time when employer testified claimant had earned wages, this matter will be remanded to the benefits bureau for further investigation.

Note to Claimant: Even though claimant is not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits under state law, she may be eligible for federally funded unemployment insurance benefits under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("Cares Act"), Public Law 116-136. Section 2102 of the CARES Act creates a new temporary federal program called Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) that in general provides up to 39 weeks of unemployment benefits. An individual receiving PUA benefits may also receive the \$600 weekly benefit amount (WBA) under the Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) program if he or she is eligible for such compensation for the week claimed. You will need to apply for PUA to determine your eligibility under the program. Additional information on how to apply for PUA can be found at <a href="https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information">https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information</a>.

### **DECISION:**

The May 28, 2020, reference 01, decision is reversed. The claimant is not partially unemployed and benefits are denied.

Claimant has received state unemployment benefits in this matter of \$943.00. Said benefits are overpayments.

Claimant has received Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation benefits in this matter of \$6,000.00. Claimant is not eligible for these benefits.

As claimant has stated she had earned no wages for an extended period of time when employer testified claimant had earned wages, this matter will be remanded to the benefits bureau for further investigation.

Blair A. Bennett

Administrative Law Judge

July 8, 2020

Decision Dated and Mailed

bab/scn