

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT  
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS**

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**JOCELYN WRIGHT**  
Claimant

**APPEAL NO: 10A-UI-07374-ET**

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE  
DECISION**

**THE UNIVERSITY OF IOWA**  
Employer

**OC: 03-21-10**  
**Claimant: Appellant (1)**

Section 96.5-7 – Vacation Pay  
Section 96.6-2 – Timeliness of Appeal

**STATEMENT OF THE CASE:**

The claimant filed a timely appeal from the April 6, 2010, reference 02, decision that determined she was not eligible to receive benefits for the ten weeks ending May 29, 2010, due to receipt of vacation pay. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held by telephone conference call before Administrative Law Judge Julie Elder on July 9, 2010. The claimant participated in the hearing. Mary Eggenburg, Benefits Specialist, participated in the hearing on behalf of the employer. Department's Exhibit D-1 was admitted into evidence.

**ISSUE:**

The issues are whether the claimant's appeal is timely and whether her vacation pay was correctly deducted.

**FINDINGS OF FACT:**

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: A disqualification decision was mailed to the claimant's last-known address of record on April 6, 2010. The claimant did not receive the decision. Consequently, the administrative law judge concludes the appeal is timely.

The claimant was separated from her employment with The University of Iowa March 16, 2010. She worked for the employer 24 hours per week five days per week at the time of separation but maintains her vacation pay should be deducted at a rate of 40 hours per week because she received full-time benefits. The employer reported vacation pay in the amount of \$6,867.36 for the ten weeks ending May 26, 2010. The Agency concluded the claimant was paid a total of \$403.95 for the week ending March 20, 2010; a total of \$673.25 per week for the eight weeks ending May 22, 2010; and a total of \$403.95 for the week ending May 29, 2010.

**REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the vacation pay was deducted for the correct period.

Iowa Code section 96.5-7 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits: ...

7. Vacation pay.

a. When an employer makes a payment or becomes obligated to make a payment to an individual for vacation pay, or for vacation pay allowance, or as pay in lieu of vacation, such payment or amount shall be deemed "wages" as defined in section 96.19, subsection 41, and shall be applied as provided in paragraph "c" hereof.

b. When, in connection with a separation or layoff of an individual, the individual's employer makes a payment or payments to the individual, or becomes obligated to make a payment to the individual as, or in the nature of, vacation pay, or vacation pay allowance, or as pay in lieu of vacation, and within ten calendar days after notification of the filing of the individual's claim, designates by notice in writing to the department the period to which the payment shall be allocated; provided, that if such designated period is extended by the employer, the individual may again similarly designate an extended period, by giving notice in writing to the department not later than the beginning of the extension of the period, with the same effect as if the period of extension were included in the original designation. The amount of a payment or obligation to make payment, is deemed "wages" as defined in section 96.19, subsection 41, and shall be applied as provided in paragraph "c" of this subsection 7.

c. Of the wages described in paragraph "a" (whether or not the employer has designated the period therein described), or of the wages described in paragraph "b", if the period therein described has been designated by the employer as therein provided, a sum equal to the wages of such individual for a normal workday shall be attributed to, or deemed to be payable to the individual with respect to, the first and each subsequent workday in such period until such amount so paid or owing is exhausted. Any individual receiving or entitled to receive wages as provided herein shall be ineligible for benefits for any week in which the sums, so designated or attributed to such normal workdays, equal or exceed the individual's weekly benefit amount. If the amount so designated or attributed as wages is less than the weekly benefit amount of such individual, the individual's benefits shall be reduced by such amount.

d. Notwithstanding contrary provisions in paragraphs "a", "b", and "c", if an individual is separated from employment and is scheduled to receive vacation payments during the period of unemployment attributable to the employer and if the employer does not designate the vacation period pursuant to paragraph "b", then payments made by the employer to the individual or an obligation to make a payment by the employer to the individual for vacation pay, vacation pay allowance or pay in lieu of vacation shall not be deemed wages as defined in section 96.19, subsection 41, for any period in excess of one week and such payments or the value of such obligations shall not be deducted for any period in excess of one week from the unemployment benefits the individual is otherwise entitled to receive under this chapter. However, if the employer designates more than one week as the vacation period pursuant to paragraph "b", the vacation pay, vacation pay allowance, or pay in lieu of vacation shall be considered wages and shall be deducted from benefits.

e. If an employer pays or is obligated to pay a bonus to an individual at the same time the employer pays or is obligated to pay vacation pay, a vacation pay allowance, or pay in lieu of vacation, the bonus shall not be deemed wages for purposes of determining benefit eligibility and amount, and the bonus shall not be deducted from unemployment benefits the individual is otherwise entitled to receive under this chapter.

871 IAC 24.16(3) provides:

(3) If the employer fails to properly notify the department within ten days after the notification of the filing of the claim that an amount of vacation pay, either paid or owed, is to be applied to a specific vacation period, the entire amount of the vacation pay shall be applied to the one-week period starting on the first workday following the last day worked as defined in subrule 24.16(4). However, if the individual does not claim benefits after layoff for the normal employer workweek immediately following the last day worked, then the entire amount of the vacation pay shall not be deducted from any week of benefits.

The employer designated the time period to which the vacation pay is to apply as March 17, 2010 to May 26, 2010, and paid the claimant \$6,867.36 in vacation pay benefits. Because the employer did indicate the amount of vacation pay received, the \$6,867.36 reported for the ten weeks ending May 29, 2010, will stand as the amount of vacation pay received

**DECISION:**

The April 6, 2010, reference 02, decision is affirmed. The vacation pay was deducted for the correct period. Vacation pay in the amount of \$6,867.36 reported by the employer for the ten weeks ending May 29, 2010, stands as the amount of vacation pay received.

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Julie Elder  
Administrative Law Judge

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Decision Dated and Mailed

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