IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

STACY L MARTENS

APPEAL 21A-UI-23876-DH-T

Claimant

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

IOWA WORKFORCE
DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

OC: 06/07/20

Claimant: Appellant (6)

Iowa Code § 96.6(2) - Timeliness of Appeal PL 116-136, Sec. 2104 - Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

On October 26, 2021, claimant/appellant, Stacy Martens, filed an appeal from the July 29, 2021, (reference 03) unemployment insurance decision that found claimant was overpaid \$4,200.00 in Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) benefits for a 7-week period ending 07/25/2020. Notices of hearing were mailed to the parties' last known addresses of record for a telephone hearing scheduled for December 17, 2021. The claimant and Mr. Martens (spouse) participated. The Department did not participate. Judicial notice was taken of the administrative file.

ISSUE:

Is claimant's appeal timely?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having heard the testimony and reviewed the evidence in the record, the undersigned finds:

Claimant's appeal is dated October 26, 2021 and to be timely, needed to be filed on or before August 9, 2021. Claimant got the decision roughly September 7, 2021, after the date to submit the appeal, at her current and correct address. Claimant then took the next seven weeks to investigate her next steps. Claimant called to set up a payment plan to repay the FPUC benefits and was advised by an IWD representative that she could file an appeal.

Claimant appealed the underlying decision, with a reference number of 01, which was scheduled for a hearing before an administrative law judge for August 16, 2021. The decision in 21A-UI-13852-LJ-T kept the underlying decision in effect and dismissed the appeal due to claimant not responding to the hearing notice and providing a telephone number which she could be reached for the hearing. That decision was not appealed and remains in effect.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The first issue to be considered in this appeal is whether the appellant's appeal is timely. The administrative law judge determines it is not.

lowa Code § 96.6(2) provides, in pertinent part: "[u]nless the claimant or other interested party, after notification or within ten calendar days after notification was mailed to the claimant's last known address, files an appeal from the decision, the decision is final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance with the decision."

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.35(1) provides:

- 1. Except as otherwise provided by statute or by division rule, any payment, appeal, application, request, notice, objection, petition, report or other information or document submitted to the division shall be considered received by and filed with the division:
- (a) If transmitted via the United States Postal Service on the date it is mailed as shown by the postmark, or in the absence of a postmark the postage meter mark of the envelope in which it is received; or if not postmarked or postage meter marked or if the mark is illegible, on the date entered on the document as the date of completion.
- (b) If transmitted via the State Identification Date Exchange System (SIDES), maintained by the United States Department of Labor, on the date it was submitted to SIDES.
- (c) If transmitted by any means other than [United States Postal Service or the State Identification Data Exchange System (SIDES)], on the date it is received by the division.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.35(2) provides:

2. The submission of any payment, appeal, application, request, notice, objection, petition, report or other information or document not within the specified statutory or regulatory period shall be considered timely if it is established to the satisfaction of the division that the delay in submission was due to division error or misinformation or to delay or other action of the United States postal service.

The lowa Supreme Court has declared that there is a mandatory duty to file appeals from representatives' decisions within the time allotted by statute, and that the administrative law judge has no authority to change the decision of a representative if a timely appeal is not filed. *Franklin v. IDJS*, 277 N.W.2d 877, 881 (lowa 1979). Compliance with appeal notice provisions is jurisdictional unless the facts of a case show that the notice was invalid. *Beardslee v. IDJS*, 276 N.W.2d 373, 377 (lowa 1979); see also *In re Appeal of Elliott* 319 N.W.2d 244, 247 (lowa 1982).

Appellant's initial delay was due to an error or misinformation from the Department or due to delay or other action of the United States Postal Service. The decision was not received until September 7, 2021. However, appeals are due within 10 days of notification and once the appeal was received, claimant waited approximately forty-nine days to submit the appeal, almost five times the allotted time to submit an appeal. No other good cause reason has been established

for the delay. The administrative law judge lacks jurisdiction (authority) to decide the other issue in this matter.

DECISION:

The July 29, 2021, (reference 03) unemployment insurance decision that found claimant was overpaid \$4,200.00 in Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) benefits remains in effect as the appeal in this case was not timely, and the appeal is **DISMISSED**.

Darrin T. Hamilton

Administrative Law Judge

January 20, 2022

Decision Dated and Mailed

dh/abd

Note to Claimant.

This decision determines you have been overpaid FPUC under the CARES Act. If you disagree with this decision, you may file an appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by following the instructions on the first page of this decision. Additionally, instructions for requesting a **waiver** of this overpayment can be found at https://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/federal-unemployment-insurance-overpayment. If this decision becomes final and you are not eligible for a waiver, you will have to repay the benefits you received.

You may find additional information about food, housing, and other resources at https://covidrecoveryiowa.org/ or at https://dhs.iowa.gov/node/3250