

**IN THE IOWA ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS DIVISION
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU**

CRAIG A DUTSCHMANN
Claimant

APPEAL 24A-UI-04366-DZ-T

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
DECISION**

**IOWA WORKFORCE
DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT**

**OC: 02/25/24
Claimant: Appellant (6)**

Iowa Code § 96.4(3) – Able to and Available for Work
Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.19(3) – Claims Bureau Subsequent Action

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Craig A. Dutschmann, the claimant/appellant,¹ appealed the Iowa Workforce Development April 23, 2024 (reference 03) unemployment insurance (UI) decision. IWD denied Mr. Dutschmann REGULAR (state) UI benefits as of April 21, 2024 because IWD concluded he did not report to IWD for an appointment, so he is not available for work. On May 7, 2024, the Iowa Department of Inspections, Appeals and Licensing (DIAL), UI Appeals Bureau mailed a notice of hearing to Mr. Dutschmann for a telephone hearing scheduled for May 20, 2024 at 10:01 a.m.

Before the scheduled hearing, IWD mailed Mr. Dutschmann two different UI decisions. Both decisions are dated May 10, 2024. In the reference 04 decision, IWD found Mr. Dutschmann eligible for REGULAR (state) UI benefits as of April 21, 2024. In the reference 05 UI decision, IWD found Mr. Dutschmann eligible for REGULAR (state) UI benefits because he had a good reason for not participating in an April 22, 2024 appointment with IWD. The administrative law judge did not hold a hearing because there is sufficient information in the IWD records to resolve the appeal without testimony. The administrative law judge took official notice of the administrative record and admitted Department's Exhibits 1-6 and Claimant's Exhibit A-B as evidence.

The administrative law judge concludes Mr. Dutschmann's appeal is moot, and the May 10, 2024 (reference 04), and May 10, 2024 (reference 05) UI decisions finding him eligible for UI benefits stay in effect. The hearing scheduled for May 20, 2024 at 10:01 a.m. is CANCELLED.

ISSUE:

Should IWD's most recent UI decision be affirmed?
Should Mr. Dutschmann's appeal be dismissed as moot?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

These findings of fact are based on Department's Exhibits 1-6 and Claimant's Exhibits A-B. The April 23, 2024 (reference 03) UI decision denied Mr. Dutschmann REGULAR (state) UI benefits

¹ Claimant is the person who applied for UI benefits. Appellant is the person or employer who appealed.

as of April 21, 2024 because IWD concluded he did not report to IWD for an appointment. Mr. Dutschmann appealed this decision.

Before the scheduled May 20, 2024 appeal hearing, IWD mailed Mr. Dutschmann two more UI decisions. Both decisions are dated May 10, 2024. In the reference 04 decision, IWD found Mr. Dutschmann eligible for REGULAR (state) UI benefits as of April 21, 2024, as long as no other decision denies him UI benefits, because IWD concluded Mr. Dutschmann is available for work as of this date. In the reference 05 decision, IWD found Mr. Dutschmann eligible for REGULAR (state) UI benefits, as long as no other decision denies him UI benefits, because IWD concluded he had a good reason for missing the April 22 appointment with IWD.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes Mr. Dutschmann's appeal is moot, and the May 10, 2024 (reference 04) and May 10, 2024 (reference 05) UI decisions are affirmed.

Generally, courts and administrative tribunals do not decide issues or cases when the underlying issue or case is moot.² "An issue or case is moot if it no longer presents a justiciable controversy because the issues involved are academic or nonexistent."³ That means an issue or case is moot if the issue or case has been resolved and there is nothing left to be decided in an appeal.

The decision Mr. Dutschmann appealed that denied him REGULAR (state) UI benefits as of April 21, 2024 was changed in his favor. The May 10, 2024 (reference 04) and May 10, 2024 (reference 05) UI decisions settled the issue in Mr. Dutschmann's appeal and settled the issue in his favor. As a result, there is no issue for the administrative law judge to decide.

Mr. Dutschmann's appeal is moot, and his appeal of the April 23, 2024 (reference 03) UI decision is dismissed. The most recent UI decisions, the May 10, 2024 (reference 04) and May 10, 2024 (reference 05) decisions, are affirmed. This means the April 23, 2024 (reference 03) UI decision is no longer in effect, and the May 10, 2024 (reference 04) and May 10, 2024 (reference 04) UI decisions stay in effect.

² *Rhiner v. State*, 703 N.W.2d 174, 176 (Iowa 2005).

³ *Iowa Bankers Ass'n v. Iowa Credit Union Dep't*, 335 N.W.2d 439, 442 (Iowa 1983).

DECISION:

Mr. Dutschmann's appeal of the April 23, 2024 (reference 03) UI decision is DISMISSED AS MOOT. The May 10, 2024 (reference 04) and May 10, 2024 (reference 05) UI decisions are AFFIRMED.

The hearing scheduled for May 20, 2024 at 10:01 a.m. is CANCELLED.



Daniel Zeno
Administrative Law Judge

May 22, 2024
Decision Dated and Mailed

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APPEAL RIGHTS. If you disagree with the decision, you or any interested party may:

1. Appeal to the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days of the date under the judge's signature by submitting a written appeal via mail, fax, or online to:

**Employment Appeal Board
6200 Park Avenue Suite 100
Des Moines, Iowa 50321
Fax: (515)281-7191
Online: eab.iowa.gov**

The appeal period will be extended to the next business day if the last day to appeal falls on a weekend or a legal holiday.

AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD SHALL STATE CLEARLY:

- 1) The name, address, and social security number of the claimant.
- 2) A reference to the decision from which the appeal is taken.
- 3) That an appeal from such decision is being made and such appeal is signed.
- 4) The grounds upon which such appeal is based.

An Employment Appeal Board decision is final agency action. If a party disagrees with the Employment Appeal Board decision, they may then file a petition for judicial review in district court.

2. If no one files an appeal of the judge's decision with the Employment Appeal Board within fifteen (15) days, the decision becomes final agency action, and you have the option to file a petition for judicial review in District Court within thirty (30) days after the decision becomes final. Additional information on how to file a petition can be found at Iowa Code §17A.19, which is online at <https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf> or by contacting the District Court Clerk of Court <https://www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/>.

Note to Parties: YOU MAY REPRESENT yourself in the appeal or obtain a lawyer or other interested party to do so provided there is no expense to Workforce Development. If you wish to be represented by a lawyer, you may obtain the services of either a private attorney or one whose services are paid for with public funds.

Note to Claimant: It is important that you file your weekly claim as directed, while this appeal is pending, to protect your continuing right to benefits.

SERVICE INFORMATION:

A true and correct copy of this decision was mailed to each of the parties listed.

DERECHOS DE APELACIÓN. Si no está de acuerdo con la decisión, usted o cualquier parte interesada puede:

1. Apelar a la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo dentro de los quince (15) días de la fecha bajo la firma del juez presentando una apelación por escrito por correo, fax o en línea a:

**Employment Appeal Board
6200 Park Avenue Suite 100
Des Moines, Iowa 50321
Fax: (515)281-7191
En línea: eab.iowa.gov**

El período de apelación se extenderá hasta el siguiente día hábil si el último día para apelar cae en fin de semana o día feriado legal.

UNA APELACIÓN A LA JUNTA DEBE ESTABLECER CLARAMENTE:

- 1) El nombre, dirección y número de seguro social del reclamante.
- 2) Una referencia a la decisión de la que se toma la apelación.
- 3) Que se interponga recurso de apelación contra tal decisión y se firme dicho recurso.
- 4) Los fundamentos en que se funda dicho recurso.

Una decisión de la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo es una acción final de la agencia. Si una de las partes no está de acuerdo con la decisión de la Junta de Apelación de Empleo, puede presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el tribunal de distrito.

2. Si nadie presenta una apelación de la decisión del juez ante la Junta de Apelaciones Laborales dentro de los quince (15) días, la decisión se convierte en acción final de la agencia y usted tiene la opción de presentar una petición de revisión judicial en el Tribunal de Distrito dentro de los treinta (30) días después de que la decisión adquiera firmeza. Puede encontrar información adicional sobre cómo presentar una petición en el Código de Iowa §17A.19, que se encuentra en línea en <https://www.legis.iowa.gov/docs/code/17A.19.pdf> o comunicándose con el Tribunal de Distrito Secretario del tribunal <https://www.iowacourts.gov/iowa-courts/court-directory/>.

Nota para las partes: USTED PUEDE REPRESENTARSE en la apelación u obtener un abogado u otra parte interesada para que lo haga, siempre que no haya gastos para Workforce Development. Si desea ser representado por un abogado, puede obtener los servicios de un abogado privado o uno cuyos servicios se paguen con fondos públicos.

Nota para el reclamante: es importante que presente su reclamo semanal según las instrucciones, mientras esta apelación está pendiente, para proteger su derecho continuo a los beneficios.

SERVICIO DE INFORMACIÓN:

Se envió por correo una copia fiel y correcta de esta decisión a cada una de las partes enumeradas.