IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

ANA CARDENAS

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 08A-UI-04120-CT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

CARGILL MEAT SOLUTIONS CORP

Employer

OC: 03/02/08 R: 03 Claimant: Respondent (1)

Section 96.5(1)d – Separation Due to Illness/Injury 871 IAC 26.8(5) – Decision on the Record

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The employer filed an appeal from a representative's decision dated April 18, 2008, reference 01, which concluded Ana Cardenas was separated from employment for no disqualifying reason. A telephone hearing was scheduled for May 13, 2008. Ms. Cardenas did not respond to the notice of hearing. The employer, the appellant herein, requested a postponement of the hearing on May 12 due to the unavailability of its witness. The witness had to attend a mandatory meeting, which was scheduled after the hearing notices were mailed on April 30, 2008. The request for postponement was denied as it was not timely made as required by 871 IAC 26.8(2) and the circumstances did not represent an emergency. The employer opted not to participate in the hearing with an alternate witness. Based on the appellant's failure to participate in the hearing, the administrative file, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law, and decision.

ISSUE:

At issue in this matter is whether the decision previously entered should be affirmed.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The parties were properly notified of the scheduled hearing on this appeal. The appellant failed to participate in the hearing or request a postponement of the hearing as required by the hearing notice.

The administrative law judge has conducted a careful review of the administrative file to determine whether the unemployment insurance decision should be affirmed.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

871 IAC 26.8(3), (4) and (5) provide:

Withdrawals and postponements.

- (3) If, due to emergency or other good cause, a party, having received due notice, is unable to attend a hearing or request postponement within the prescribed time, the presiding officer may, if no decision has been issued, reopen the record and, with notice to all parties, schedule another hearing. If a decision has been issued, the decision may be vacated upon the presiding officer's own motion or at the request of a party within 15 days after the mailing date of the decision and in the absence of an appeal to the employment appeal board of the department of inspections and appeals. If a decision is vacated, notice shall be given to all parties of a new hearing to be held and decided by another presiding officer. Once a decision has become final as provided by statute, the presiding officer has no jurisdiction to reopen the record or vacate the decision.
- (4) A request to reopen a record or vacate a decision may be heard ex parte by the presiding officer. The granting or denial of such a request may be used as a grounds for appeal to the employment appeal board of the department of inspections and appeals upon the issuance of the presiding officer's final decision in the case.
- (5) If good cause for postponement or reopening has not been shown, the presiding officer shall make a decision based upon whatever evidence is properly in the record.

The administrative law judge has carefully reviewed the evidence in the record and concludes that the unemployment insurance decision previously entered in this case is correct and should be affirmed. The employer did not avail itself of the opportunity to provide evidence as to why the prior decision should be reversed.

DECISION:

The unemployment insurance decision dated April 18, 2008, reference 01, is affirmed. The decision holding the claimant qualified for benefits remains in effect. This decision will become final unless a written appeal is filed with the Employment Appeal Board within 15 days of the date of this decision.

Carolyn F. Coleman	
Administrative Law Judge	
Decision Dated and Mailed	

cfc/css