

**IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS**

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

DANE M SEE
Claimant

APPEAL NO. 10A-UI-14512-S2T

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
DECISION**

RELCO LOCOMOTIVES INC
Employer

OC: 03/07/10
Claimant: Respondent (1)

Section 96.5-3-a – Refusal to Accept Suitable Work

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Relco Locomotives (employer) appealed a representative's October 11, 2010 decision (reference 04) that concluded Dane See (claimant) eligible to receive unemployment insurance benefits. After hearing notices were mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record, a telephone hearing was scheduled for December 8, 2010. The claimant did not provide a telephone number for the hearing and, therefore, did not participate. The employer participated by Dave Crall, Operations Manager, and Christy Lovstuen, Human Resources Manager.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant refused suitable work.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and having considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The claimant worked for the employer from August 4, 2006, through 2008, and from January 19, 2009, through March 5, 2010, as a full-time fabricator working daytime hours. The claimant's employment ended when he was erroneously identified by a client as committing an infraction. The employer eventually realized the error and wanted to hire the claimant back to work.

The claimant filed a new claim for unemployment insurance benefits with an effective date of August 15, 2010. The claimant's average weekly wage during his highest quarter of wages was \$624.48. On September 16, 2010, the employer offered the claimant a full-time job as a fabricator working daytime hours earning \$560.00 per week. The claimant refused the offer of work.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant did not refuse an offer of suitable work.

Iowa Code section 96.5-3-a provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

3. Failure to accept work. If the department finds that an individual has failed, without good cause, either to apply for available, suitable work when directed by the department or to accept suitable work when offered that individual. The department shall, if possible, furnish the individual with the names of employers which are seeking employees. The individual shall apply to and obtain the signatures of the employers designated by the department on forms provided by the department. However, the employers may refuse to sign the forms. The individual's failure to obtain the signatures of designated employers, which have not refused to sign the forms, shall disqualify the individual for benefits until requalified. To requalify for benefits after disqualification under this subsection, the individual shall work in and be paid wages for insured work equal to ten times the individual's weekly benefit amount, provided the individual is otherwise eligible.

a. In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the department shall consider the degree of risk involved to the individual's health, safety, and morals, the individual's physical fitness, prior training, length of unemployment, and prospects for securing local work in the individual's customary occupation, the distance of the available work from the individual's residence, and any other factor which the department finds bears a reasonable relation to the purposes of this paragraph. Work is suitable if the work meets all the other criteria of this paragraph and if the gross weekly wages for the work equal or exceed the following percentages of the individual's average weekly wage for insured work paid to the individual during that quarter of the individual's base period in which the individual's wages were highest:

- (1) One hundred percent, if the work is offered during the first five weeks of unemployment.
- (2) Seventy-five percent, if the work is offered during the sixth through the twelfth week of unemployment.
- (3) Seventy percent, if the work is offered during the thirteenth through the eighteenth week of unemployment.
- (4) Sixty-five percent, if the work is offered after the eighteenth week of unemployment.

However, the provisions of this paragraph shall not require an individual to accept employment below the federal minimum wage.

The work was offered within five weeks of the claimant's unemployment and was required to provide the claimant wages one hundred percent of those paid to the claimant during the highest quarter of his base period. The evidence fails to establish that the claimant would have received at least one hundred percent of his average weekly wages during his highest quarter of earnings. Based on the factors found in Iowa Code section 96.5-3-a, the work offered to the claimant was not suitable work. The claimant is not disqualified from receiving unemployment insurance benefits.

DECISION:

The representative's October 11, 2010 decision (reference 04) is affirmed. The claimant is qualified to receive unemployment insurance benefits, if he is otherwise eligible.

Beth A. Scheetz
Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

bas/kjw