## IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - El

MICHAEL	CARGO
Claimant	

# APPEAL NO: 06A-UI-08909-BT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

LABOR READY MIDWEST INC Employer

> OC: 01/15/06 R: 03 Claimant: Appellant (1)

Section 96.5-1-j - Voluntary Quit of Temporary Employment

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Michael Cargo (claimant) appealed an unemployment insurance decision dated August 30, 2006, reference 05, which held that he was not eligible for unemployment insurance benefits because he voluntarily quit his employment with Labor Ready Midwest, Inc. (employer) without good cause attributable to the employer. After hearing notices were mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record, a telephone hearing was held on September 27, 2006. The claimant participated in the hearing. The employer participated through Pia Kirchhoff, Branch Manager. Based on the evidence, the arguments of the parties, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law, and decision.

#### **ISSUE:**

Is the claimant disqualified because he failed to contact the temporary employment agency within three working days after the completion of his assignment when notified of this requirement at the time of hire?

#### FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and having considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The claimant was employed as a part-time general laborer from January 27, 2003 through August 3, 2006, when he finished an assignment. He was arrested on the following day and was incarcerated for approximately one month. The claimant returned to work for the employer on September 6, 2006, but is currently suspended for two weeks, as he failed to show for an assignment.

#### **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

The issue in this case is whether the reasons for the claimant's separation from employment qualify him to receive unemployment insurance benefits. The claimant is not qualified to receive unemployment insurance benefits if he voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to the employer or if the employer discharged him for work-connected misconduct. Iowa Code §§ 96.5-1 and 96.5-2-a. An individual who is a temporary employee of a temporary employment firm may be disqualified from receiving unemployment insurance benefits if the individual does

not notify the temporary employment firm within three working days after ending a job assignment in an attempt to obtain another job assignment. To be disqualified from receiving benefits, at the time of hire the employer must advise the individual in writing of the three-day notification rule. The employer must also notify the individual that he may be disqualified from receiving unemployment insurance benefits if he fails to notify the employer. Iowa Code  $\S$  96.5-1-j.

The evidence indicates the claimant knew or should have known he was required to contact the employer after the completion of an assignment. He could not contact the employer after August 4, 2006, because he was incarcerated. The claimant did not satisfy the requirements of Iowa Code § 96.5-1-j and is disqualified from receiving unemployment insurance benefits as of August 12, 2006.

## **DECISION:**

The unemployment insurance decision dated August 30, 2006, reference 05, is affirmed. The claimant voluntarily left work without good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are withheld until he has worked in and has been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times his weekly benefit amount, provided he is otherwise eligible.

Susan D. Ackerman Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

sda/kjw