IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

JOHN N ROCKWOOD

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 15A-UI-10895-S1-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

HY-VEE INC

Employer

OC: 08/30/15

Claimant: Appellant (4)

Iowa Code § 96.5(1) – Voluntary Leaving 871 IAC 24.27 – Voluntary Leaving Part Time Employment

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

John Rockwood (claimant) appealed a representative's September 24, 2015, decision (reference 03) that concluded he was not eligible to receive unemployment insurance benefits because he voluntarily quit work with Hy-Vee (employer). After hearing notices were mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record, a telephone hearing was scheduled for October 13, 2015. The claimant participated personally. The employer was represented by James Tranfaglia, Hearings Representative, and participated by Stacy Sassman, Human Resource Manager. Robert Mazza observed the hearing.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant was separated from employment for any disqualifying reason.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The claimant was hired on May 17, 2013, as a part-time courtesy clerk. The claimant quit work on March 26, 2015, because his knee hurt after he slipped on the ice. Continued work was available had the claimant not resigned.

The claimant also has wages in his base period of employment from D.J.'s Autobody and Lee Publications.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant voluntarily left his employment without good cause attributable to the employer, but has not requalified and is otherwise monetarily eligible.

Iowa Code § 96.5(1) provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

Iowa Code § 96.5(1)g provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

- 1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department. But the individual shall not be disqualified if the department finds that:
- g. The individual left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the employer under circumstances which did or would disqualify the individual for benefits, except as provided in paragraph "a" of this subsection but, subsequent to the leaving, the individual worked in and was paid wages for insured work equal to ten times the individual's weekly benefit amount, provided the individual is otherwise eligible.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.27 provides:

Voluntary quit of part-time employment and requalification. An individual who voluntarily quits without good cause part-time employment and has not requalified for benefits following the voluntary quit of part-time employment, yet is otherwise monetarily eligible for benefits based on wages paid by the regular or other base period employers, shall not be disqualified for voluntarily quitting the part-time employment. The individual and the part-time employer which was voluntarily quit shall be notified on the Form 65-5323 or 60-0186, Unemployment Insurance Decision, that benefit payments shall not be made which are based on the wages paid by the part-time employer and benefit charges shall not be assessed against the part-time employer's account; however, once the individual has met the requalification requirements following the voluntary quit without good cause of the part-time employer, the wages paid in the part-time employment shall be available for benefit payment purposes. For benefit charging purposes and as determined by the applicable requalification requirements, the wages paid by the part-time employer shall be transferred to the balancing account.

The separation from this employer is disqualifying and the claimant has not requalified for benefits since the separation. However, he is otherwise monetarily eligible according to base period wages. Benefits are allowed, provided the claimant is otherwise eligible.

DECISION:

The representative's September 24, 2015, decision (reference 03) is modified in favor of the appellant. The claimant voluntarily left the employment without good cause attributable to the employer and has not requalified for benefits but is otherwise monetarily eligible. Benefits are allowed, provided the claimant is otherwise eligible. The account of this employer shall not be charged.

Beth A. Scheetz Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

bas/css