IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

GEORGE REID

Claimant

APPEAL NO: 15A-UI-04230-ET

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

DECISION

HY-VEE INC Employer

OC: 03/08/15

Claimant: Appellant (4)

Section 96.5-1 a – Voluntary Leaving – Other Employment

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed a timely appeal from the March 30, 2015, reference 01, decision that denied benefits. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held by telephone conference call before Administrative Law Judge Julie Elder on May 13, 2015. The claimant participated in the hearing. Lyle Ellenwood, Manager of Store Operations and Dane Swenson, Employer Representative, participated in the hearing on behalf of the employer. Diane Reid, the claimant's wife, observed the hearing.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant voluntarily left his employment to accept employment elsewhere.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant was employed as a full-time produce clerk for Hy-Vee from March 13, 2014 to July 3, 2014. Continued work was available at Hy-Vee. The claimant left employment with Hy-Vee, after providing a two-week resignation notice, to accept other employment at Dahl's Foods and performed services for that employer.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant voluntarily left his employment to accept employment elsewhere.

Iowa Code section 96.5(1)a provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department. But the individual shall not be disqualified if the department finds that:

a. The individual left employment in good faith for the sole purpose of accepting other or better employment, which the individual did accept, and the individual performed services in the new employment. Benefits relating to wage credits earned with the employer that the individual has left shall be charged to the unemployment compensation fund. This paragraph applies to both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding § 96.8, subsection 5.

Even though the separation was without good cause attributable to the employer and would, standing alone, disqualify the claimant from receiving benefits, the claimant did leave in order to accept other employment and did perform services for the subsequent employer. Accordingly, benefits are allowed and the account of Hy-Vee shall not be charged.

DECISION:

The March 30, 2015, reference 01, decision is modified in favor of the appellant. The claimant voluntarily left his employment in order to accept other employment. Benefits are allowed, provided the claimant is otherwise eligible. The account of Hy-Vee shall not be charged.

| Iulio Eldor | |
|---|--|
| Julie Elder Administrative Law Judge | |
| Decision Dated and Mailed | |
| je/css | |