# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

**CHEYNNE HARTMAN** 

Claimant

APPEAL 21A-UI-16901-ED-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

**DIG ANKENY LLC** 

Employer

OC: 03/15/20

Claimant: Respondent (2)

lowa Code § 96.4(3) – Eligibility – A&A – Able to, available for, work search lowa Code § 96.5(3)a – Work Refusal – % AWW

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Employer filed an appeal from the July 22, 2021 (reference 02) unemployment insurance decision that allowed benefits. The parties were properly notified of the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on September 22, 2021, at 10:00 a.m. Claimant did not participate. Employer participated through Amy Dollison. Employer's Exhibits 1, 2 and 3 were offered and admitted.

## ISSUE:

Whether claimant is able to and available for work.

Whether claimant refused to apply for or accept an offer of suitable work.

# **FINDINGS OF FACT:**

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: Claimant was employed as a part-time lifestyle consultant from February 17, 2020 until her employment with Dig Ankeny LLC ended on May 18, 2020.

Employer was closed down on March 18, 2020 due to the Governor's proclamation during the COVID-19 pandemic. On May 14, 2020, claimant was sent a letter via email that she was recalled back to work on May 18, 2020 at 1:00 p.m. The claimant was notified in the letter that a sanitation/reopening meeting was going to be held on May 18, 2020. Claimant spoke with a staff member at Dig Ankeny LLC stating that she didn't feel comfortable returning to work. Claimant did not attend the staff meeting on May 18, 2020 and did not return to work for any additional shifts.

#### **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes claimant refused a suitable offer of work.

lowa Code section 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.1A, subsection 38, paragraph "b", subparagraph (1), or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

lowa Code section 96.5(3)a provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits, regardless of the source of the individual's wage credits:

- 3. Failure to accept work. If the department finds that an individual has failed, without good cause, either to apply for available, suitable work when directed by the department or to accept suitable work when offered that individual. The department shall, if possible, furnish the individual with the names of employers which are seeking employees. The individual shall apply to and obtain the signatures of the employers designated by the department on forms provided by the department. However, the employers may refuse to sign the forms. The individual's failure to obtain the signatures of designated employers, which have not refused to sign the forms, shall disqualify the individual for benefits until requalified. To requalify for benefits after disqualification under this subsection, the individual shall work in and be paid wages for insured work equal to ten times the individual's weekly benefit amount, provided the individual is otherwise eligible.
- a. (1) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the department shall consider the degree of risk involved to the individual's health, safety, and morals, the individual's physical fitness, prior training, length of unemployment, and prospects for securing local work in the individual's customary occupation, the distance of the available work from the individual's residence, and any other factor which the department finds bears a reasonable relation to the purposes of this paragraph. Work is suitable if the work meets all the other criteria of this paragraph and if the gross weekly wages for the work equal or exceed the following percentages of the individual's average weekly wage for insured work paid to the individual during that quarter of the individual's base period in which the individual's wages were highest:
- (a) One hundred percent, if the work is offered during the first five weeks of unemployment.
- (b) Seventy-five percent, if the work is offered during the sixth through the twelfth week of unemployment.
- (c) Seventy percent, if the work is offered during the thirteenth through the eighteenth week of unemployment.
- (d) Sixty-five percent, if the work is offered after the eighteenth week of unemployment.

- (2) However, the provisions of this paragraph shall not require an individual to accept employment below the federal minimum wage.
- b. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be denied under this chapter to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions:
- (1) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout, or other labor dispute;
- (2) If the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality;
- (3) If as a condition of being employed, the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.

lowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.24(14)(a)(b) provides:

Failure to accept work and failure to apply for suitable work. Failure to accept work and failure to apply for suitable work shall be removed when the individual shall have worked in (except in back pay awards) and been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times the individual's weekly benefit amount, provided the individual is otherwise eligible.

- (14) Employment offer from former employer.
- a. The claimant shall be disqualified for a refusal of work with a former employer if the work offered is reasonably suitable and comparable and is within the purview of the usual occupation of the claimant. The provisions of lowa Code section 96.5(3)"b" are controlling in the determination of suitability of work.
- b. The employment offer shall not be considered suitable if the claimant had previously quit the former employer and the conditions which caused the claimant to quit are still in existence.

Claimant made a bonafide offer of employment to claimant on May 14, 2020 via email. The offer was to return to work in the same capacity, working the same hours and earning the same wages. Claimant failed to accept the offer by not responding to employer's email. Claimant has not provided a good cause reason for failure to accept the offer. Accordingly, benefits are denied.

# **DECISION:**

The July 22, 2021 (reference 02) unemployment insurance decision is reversed. Employer extended an offer of suitable work to claimant during the benefit year; claimant failed to accept the offer without a good cause reason. Benefits are denied until such time as claimant works in and has been paid wages equal to ten times claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided claimant is otherwise eligible.

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Emily Drenkow Com

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September 28, 2021
Decision Dated and Mailed

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