BEFORE THE EMPLOYMENT APPEAL BOARD Lucas State Office Building Fourth floor Des Moines, Iowa 50319

BOBBIE J ALEXANDER	: : : HEARING NUMBER : 09B-UI-06871
Claimant,	: HEARING NOWIDER. 09B-01-000/1
and	: EMPLOYMENT APPEAL BOARD : DECISION
LAMCO LTD	: DECISION
Employer.	

NOTICE

THIS DECISION BECOMES FINAL unless (1) a request for a REHEARING is filed with the Employment Appeal Board within 20 days of the date of the Board's decision or, (2) a PETITION TO DISTRICT COURT IS FILED WITHIN 30 days of the date of the Board's decision.

A REHEARING REQUEST shall state the specific grounds and relief sought. If the rehearing request is denied, a petition may be filed in **DISTRICT COURT** within **30 days** of the date of the denial.

SECTION: 96.5-2-a

DECISION

UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ARE DENIED

The claimant appealed this case to the Employment Appeal Board. The members of the Employment Appeal Board, one member dissenting, reviewed the entire record. The Appeal Board finds the administrative law judge's decision is correct. The administrative law judge's Findings of Fact and Reasoning and Conclusions of Law are adopted by the Board as its own. The administrative law judge's decision is AFFIRMED.

Elizabeth L. Seiser	
Monique F. Kuester	

DISSENTING OPINION OF JOHN A. PENO:

I respectfully dissent from the majority decision of the Employment Appeal Board; I would reverse the decision of the administrative law judge. The employer accused the claimant of backing into a customer's door on January 2, 2009, which the claimant denied. The employer based their case on hearsay whereas the claimant provided firsthand testimony to refute the employer's allegations. I would attribute more weight to the claimant's version of events.

Additionally, the record establishes that the employer waited twenty days after the incident to terminate the claimant without explanation. The court in <u>Greene v. Employment Appeal Board</u>, 426 N.W.2d 659 (Iowa App. 1988) held that in order to determine whether conduct prompting the discharged constituted a "current act," the date on which the conduct came to the employer's attention and the date on which the employer notified the claimant that said conduct subjected the claimant to possible termination must be considered to determine if the termination is disqualifying. Any delay in timing from the final act to the actual termination must have a reasonable basis. For this reason, I would allow benefits provided he is otherwise eligible.

John A. Peno	

AMG/ss

A portion of the claimant's appeal to the Employment Appeal Board consisted of additional evidence which was not contained in the administrative file and which was not submitted to the administrative law judge. While the appeal and additional evidence (documents) were reviewed, the Employment Appeal Board, in its discretion, finds that the admission of the additional evidence is not warranted in reaching today's decision.

John A. Peno	
Elizabeth L. Seiser	
Monique F. Kuester	