IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

THOMAS E WEISHUHN

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 08A-UI-09014-SWT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

DEN HARTOG INDUSTRIES INC

Employer

OC: 09/07/08 R: 12 Claimant: Appellant (1)

Section 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant appealed an unemployment insurance decision dated September 30, 2008, reference 01, that concluded the claimant had voluntarily quit employment without good cause. A telephone hearing was held on October 21, 2008. The claimant participated in the hearing. Christine Koerselman participated in the hearing on behalf of the employer.

ISSUE:

Did the claimant voluntarily quit employment without good cause attributable to the employer?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The claimant worked full time for the employer from April 3, 2008, to August 21, 2008. The claimant voluntarily quit employment to relocate to the state of Arizona. He and his wife were in the process of getting a divorce and the claimant could not find a place to live near the employer's plant. He moved to Arizona to live with family members and find employment.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The issue in this case is whether the claimant voluntarily quit employment without good cause attributable to the employer.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

871 IAC 24.25(2) provides:

Voluntary quit without good cause. In general, a voluntary quit means discontinuing the employment because the employee no longer desires to remain in the relationship of an employee with the employer from whom the employee has separated. The employer has the burden of proving that the claimant is disqualified for benefits pursuant to lowa Code section 96.5. However, the claimant has the initial burden to produce evidence that the claimant is not disqualified for benefits in cases involving lowa Code section 96.5, subsection (1), paragraphs "a" through "i," and subsection 10. The following reasons for a voluntary quit shall be presumed to be without good cause attributable to the employer:

(2) The claimant moved to a different locality.

The claimant's relocation to Arizona is understandable, but this reason for quitting employment does not meet the definition of good cause attributable to the employer found in the unemployment insurance law. The claimant left work due to his personal circumstances, not because of anything related to his job.

DECISION:

saw/kjw

The unemployment insurance decision dated September 30, 2008, reference 01, is affirmed. The claimant is disqualified from receiving unemployment insurance benefits until he has been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times his weekly benefit amount, provided he is otherwise eligible.

Steven A. Wise Administrative Law Judge
Decision Dated and Mailed