# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

**STACIA M WIEDNER** 

Claimant

**APPEAL NO: 18A-UI-07437-JE-T** 

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

**DECISION** 

**COVENANT MEDICAL CENTER INC** 

Employer

OC: 06/17/18

Claimant: Appellant (4)

Section 96.5-1 a – Voluntary Leaving – Other Employment

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed a timely appeal from the July 9, 2018, reference 01, decision that denied benefits. After due notice was issued, a hearing was held by telephone conference call before Administrative Law Judge Julie Elder on July 27, 2018. The claimant participated in the hearing. Debra Tyler, Human Resources Representative, participated in the hearing on behalf of the employer.

## **ISSUE:**

The issue is whether the claimant voluntarily left her employment to accept employment elsewhere.

## FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant was employed as a full-time clinic receptionist for Covenant Medical Center from January 3, 2017 to May 11, 2018. Continued work was available. The claimant left employment with Covenant Medical Center to accept other employment at Metal Sales Manufacturing Corporation and performed services for that employer.

## **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant voluntarily left her employment to accept employment elsewhere.

Iowa Code section 96.5(1)a provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits, regardless of the source of the individual's wage credits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department. But the individual shall not be disqualified if the department finds that:

a. The individual left employment in good faith for the sole purpose of accepting other or better employment, which the individual did accept, and the individual performed services in the new employment. Benefits relating to wage credits earned with the employer that the individual has left shall be charged to the unemployment compensation fund. This paragraph applies to both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding section 96.8, subsection 5.

Even though the separation was without good cause attributable to the employer and would, standing alone, disqualify the claimant from receiving benefits, the claimant did leave in order to accept other employment and did perform services for the subsequent employer. Accordingly, benefits are allowed and the account of Covenant Medical Center shall not be charged.

## **DECISION:**

The July 9, 2018, reference 01, decision is modified in favor of the appellant. The claimant voluntarily left her employment in order to accept other employment. Benefits are allowed provided the claimant is otherwise eligible. The account of Covenant Medical Center shall not be charged.

Julie Elder Administrative Law Judge	
Decision Dated and Mailed	
ie/rvs	