#### IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

JOEL R SIMPSON Claimant

# APPEAL NO. 13A-UI-14035-MT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

**10TH STREET LOFTS LLLP** Employer

> OC: 11/03/13 Claimant: Appellant (2)

Section 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit

# STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated December 11, 2013, reference 01, which held claimant ineligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on January 15, 2014. Claimant participated. Employer participated by Ed Massman, Manager and Gerri Bennett, Property Manager.

# **ISSUE**:

The issue in this matter is whether claimant quit for good cause attributable to employer.

#### FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant last worked for employer on May 24, 2013. Claimant quit work to because of a non-work-related ankle injury. Claimant informed employer of the injury and inability to work. Claimant resolved the injury September 1, 2013. Claimant then returned to the employer to ask for work September 1. Employer lined claimant up with a sub-contractor. Claimant worked for the sub-contractor for a short time.

# **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

The administrative law judge holds that the evidence has established that claimant voluntarily quit for good cause attributable to employer when claimant terminated the employment relationship because of a non-work injury. Since claimant returned to ask for work after the injury had healed and no work was available, this is a quit for good cause attributable to employer. Benefits allowed.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1-d provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department. But the individual shall not be disqualified if the department finds that:

d. The individual left employment because of illness, injury or pregnancy upon the advice of a licensed and practicing physician, and upon knowledge of the necessity for absence immediately notified the employer, or the employer consented to the absence, and after recovering from the illness, injury or pregnancy, when recovery was certified by a licensed and practicing physician, the individual returned to the employer and offered to perform services and the individual's regular work or comparable suitable work was not available, if so found by the department, provided the individual is otherwise eligible.

#### DECISION:

The decision of the representative dated December 11, 2013, reference 01, is reversed. Unemployment insurance benefits are allowed, provided claimant is otherwise eligible.

Marlon Mormann Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

mdm/pjs