IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

CLAYTON L GUZZLE

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 11A-UI-00641-PT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

PREMIER CASTING SERVICES

Employer

OC: 12/19/10

Claimant: Appellant (1)

Section 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit 871 IAC 24.25(4) – Three Day No-Call/No-Show

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated January 18, 2011, reference 02, which held claimant ineligible for unemployment insurance benefits due because he quit his employment without good cause attributable to the employer. After due notice, a telephone conference hearing was scheduled for and held on February 18, 2011. Employer participated by Tami Fuller. The claimant failed to respond to the notice of hearing to provide a telephone number where he could be reached for the hearing and did not participate.

ISSUES:

The issues in this matter are whether claimant quit for good cause attributable to employer, or was discharged for misconduct.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant was scheduled for work on November 27, 2010, at 8:00 a.m., but was a no-call/no-show and never contacted the employer again. The claimant was a no-call/no-show for three days in violation of company rule. That is a quit without good cause attributable to the employer.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The administrative law judge holds that the evidence has failed to establish that claimant voluntarily quit for good cause attributable to employer when claimant terminated the employment relationship because he was a three day no-call/no-show in violation of a company rule.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

871 IAC 24.25(4) provides:

Voluntary quit without good cause. In general, a voluntary quit means discontinuing the employment because the employee no longer desires to remain in the relationship of an employee with the employer from whom the employee has separated. The employer has the burden of proving that the claimant is disqualified for benefits pursuant to lowa Code section 96.5. However, the claimant has the initial burden to produce evidence that the claimant is not disqualified for benefits in cases involving lowa Code section 96.5, subsection (1), paragraphs "a" through "i," and subsection 10. The following reasons for a voluntary quit shall be presumed to be without good cause attributable to the employer:

(4) The claimant was absent for three days without giving notice to employer in violation of company rule.

DECISION:

The decision of the representative dated January 18, 2011, reference 02, is affirmed. Unemployment insurance benefits shall be withheld until claimant has worked in and been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided claimant is otherwise eligible.

Ron Pohlman Administrative Law Judge	
Decision Dated and Mailed	
rrp/css	