## IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

VIRGIL L BRIGHT Claimant

## APPEAL 20A-UI-15966-AW-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

WALMART INC. Employer

> OC: 08/09/20 Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.5(1) – Voluntary Quitting Iowa Code § 96.6(2) – Filing – Timely Appeal Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.35 – Filing

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from the October 27, 2020 (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision that denied benefits. The parties were properly notified of the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on January 29, 2021, at 8:00 a.m. Claimant participated along with his spouse, Rose Bright. Employer did not participate. No exhibits were admitted. Official notice was taken of the administrative record.

#### **ISSUES:**

Whether claimant's separation was a voluntary quit without good cause attributable to employer. Whether claimant filed a timely appeal.

#### FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The Unemployment Insurance Decision was mailed to claimant at the correct address on October 27, 2020. Claimant received the decision on November 4, 2020.

The decision states that it becomes final unless an appeal is postmarked or received by Iowa Workforce Development Appeals Section by November 6, 2020. Claimant appealed the decision online on November 13, 2020. Claimant's appeal was received by Iowa Workforce Development on November 13, 2020. Claimant did not submit his appeal earlier because he was sick and did not understand how to submit his appeal online.

## **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes claimant's appeal was untimely.

lowa Code § 96.6(2) provides, in pertinent part: "[u]nless the claimant or other interested party, after notification or within ten calendar days after notification was mailed to the claimant's last

known address, files an appeal from the decision, the decision is final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance with the decision."

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.35(1) provides:

1. Except as otherwise provided by statute or by division rule, any payment, appeal, application, request, notice, objection, petition, report or other information or document submitted to the division shall be considered received by and filed with the division:

(a) If transmitted via the United States Postal Service on the date it is mailed as shown by the postmark, or in the absence of a postmark the postage meter mark of the envelope in which it is received; or if not postmarked or postage meter marked or if the mark is illegible, on the date entered on the document as the date of completion.

(b) If transmitted via the State Identification Date Exchange System (SIDES), maintained by the United States Department of Labor, on the date it was submitted to SIDES.

(c) If transmitted by any means other than [United States Postal Service or the State Identification Data Exchange System (SIDES)], on the date it is received by the division.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.35(2) provides:

2. The submission of any payment, appeal, application, request, notice, objection, petition, report or other information or document not within the specified statutory or regulatory period shall be considered timely if it is established to the satisfaction of the division that the delay in submission was due to division error or misinformation or to delay or other action of the United States postal service.

The Iowa Supreme Court has declared that there is a mandatory duty to file appeals from representatives' decisions within the time allotted by statute, and that the administrative law judge has no authority to change the decision of a representative if a timely appeal is not filed. *Franklin v. IDJS*, 277 N.W.2d 877, 881 (Iowa 1979). Compliance with appeal notice provisions is jurisdictional unless the facts of a case show that the notice was invalid. *Beardslee v. IDJS*, 276 N.W.2d 373, 377 (Iowa 1979); see also *In re Appeal of Elliott* 319 N.W.2d 244, 247 (Iowa 1982).

Claimant received the decision prior to the appeal deadline but did not appeal the decision until seven days after the deadline. Claimant's delay was not due to agency error or misinformation or delay of the United States Postal Service. Claimant's delay was due to illness and not understanding how to submit his appeal online. The appeal was not timely. Therefore, the administrative law judge lacks jurisdiction to make a determination with respect to the nature of the appeal.

# **DECISION:**

Claimant's appeal was not timely. The administrative law judge has no authority to change the decision of the representative. The October 27, 2020 (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision is affirmed.

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Adrienne C. Williamson Administrative Law Judge Unemployment Insurance Appeals Bureau Iowa Workforce Development 1000 East Grand Avenue Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0209 Fax (515)478-3528

<u>February 16, 2021</u> Decision Dated and Mailed

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