IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

JANE OTTEN

Claimant

APPEAL NO: 10A-UI-03940-BT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

DECISION

CASEY'S MARKETING COMPANY

Employer

OC: 01/03/10

Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.5-1 - Voluntary Quit

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Jane Otten (claimant) appealed an unemployment insurance decision dated March 9, 2010, reference 03, which held that she was not eligible for unemployment insurance benefits because she voluntarily quit her employment with Casey's Marketing Company (employer) without good cause attributable to the employer. After hearing notices were mailed to the parties' last-known addresses of record, a telephone hearing was held on April 29, 2010. The claimant participated in the hearing. The employer participated through Molli Brandt, Manager. Based on the evidence, the arguments of the parties, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law, and decision.

ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant's voluntary separation from employment qualifies her to receive unemployment insurance benefits.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The claimant was employed as a full-time cook from April 15, 2009 through May 2, 2009. She worked the evening shift on May 1, 2009 and was scheduled to get off work at 11:45 p.m. The claimant walked off the job at approximately 10:00 p.m. without explanation. She felt she had not received sufficient training and was told she would have to close by herself, although she was working with another cook and a cashier on May 1, 2009. The claimant never advised the employer she quit but did not return to work after May 1, 2009.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The issue is whether the claimant's voluntary separation from employment qualifies her to receive unemployment insurance benefits. She is not qualified to receive unemployment insurance benefits if she voluntarily quit without good cause attributable to the employer. Iowa Code § 96.5-1.

In general, a voluntary quit requires evidence of an intention to sever the employment relationship and an overt act carrying out that intention. <u>Local Lodge #1426 v. Wilson Trailer</u>, 289 N.W.2d 608, 612 (Iowa 1980) and <u>Peck v. Employment Appeal Bd.</u>, 492 N.W.2d 438 (Iowa Ct. App. 1992). The claimant demonstrated her intent to quit and acted to carry it out by walking off the job on May 1, 2009. She quit because she felt she did not receive sufficient training but never mentioned any concerns to the employer.

It is the claimant's burden to prove that the voluntary quit was for a good cause that would not disqualify her. Iowa Code § 96.6-2. She has not satisfied that burden and benefits are denied.

DECISION:

sda/pjs

The unemployment insurance decision dated March 9, 2010, reference 03, is affirmed. The claimant voluntarily left work without good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are withheld until she has worked in and has been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times her weekly benefit amount, provided she is otherwise eligible.

Susan D. Ackerman
Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed