# IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

CLARISSA M SEVERSEN Claimant	APPEAL 18A-UI-05881-DG-T ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION
GRAPETREE MEDICAL STAFFING INC	OC: 04/29/18
Employer	Claimant: Appellant (1)

Iowa Code § 96.5(1) – Voluntary Quitting

# STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated May 21, 2018, (reference 01) that held claimant ineligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a hearing was scheduled for and held on June 13, 2018. Claimant participated. Employer participated by Erin Stevens, Human Resources Supervisor. Employer's Exhibit 1 was admitted into evidence.

### ISSUE:

The issue in this matter is whether claimant quit for good cause attributable to employer?

# FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant last worked for employer on April 24, 2018. Claimant tendered her resignation on that date because she was beginning school in May of 2018.

Claimant began working for employer on August 7, 2017, as a full-time staffing specialist. Claimant notified employer in December of 2017 that she intended to enroll in a nursing program. Those classes were slated to begin in May of 2018. Claimant indicated that she wanted to work weekends, and she was hoping she could maintain her medical insurance while employed with this employer. No agreement was reached between the parties as to the number of hours claimant would be working during that time.

On April 24, 2018, employer met with claimant to discuss the hours she would be working in May, 2018 while attending college. During that conversation, employer stated that it would agree to claimant working 30 hours a week if she was available. Claimant stated that her coursework was going to be a challenge, and she would not be able to work that many hours. Claimant stated that if she was not able to work part-time on the weekends she would have to resign. Employer asked claimant to submit a written resignation for its records. Claimant submitted her resignation on that date.

#### REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The administrative law judge holds that the evidence has failed to establish that claimant voluntarily quit for good cause attributable to employer when claimant terminated the employment relationship because she wanted to attend college.

Iowa Code section 96.5(1) provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.25(18) provides:

Voluntary quit without good cause. In general, a voluntary quit means discontinuing the employment because the employee no longer desires to remain in the relationship of an employee with the employer from whom the employee has separated. The employer has the burden of proving that the claimant is disqualified for benefits pursuant to Iowa Code section 96.5. However, the claimant has the initial burden to produce evidence that the claimant is not disqualified for benefits in cases involving Iowa Code section 96.5, subsection (1), paragraphs "a" through "i," and subsection 10. The following reasons for a voluntary quit shall be presumed to be without good cause attributable to the employer:

(18) The claimant left because of a dislike of the shift worked.

#### Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.25(26) provides:

**Voluntary quit without good cause.** In general, a voluntary quit means discontinuing the employment because the employee no longer desires to remain in the relationship of an employee with the employer from whom the employee has separated. The employer has the burden of proving that the claimant is disqualified for benefits pursuant to Iowa Code section 96.5. However, the claimant has the initial burden to produce evidence that the claimant is not disqualified for benefits in cases involving Iowa Code section 96.5, subsection (1), paragraphs "a" through "i," and subsection 10. The following reasons for a voluntary quit shall be presumed to be without good cause attributable to the employer:

(26) The claimant left to go to school.

It is the duty of the administrative law judge as the trier of fact in this case, to determine the credibility of witnesses, weigh the evidence and decide the facts in issue. *Arndt v. City of LeClaire*, 728 N.W.2d 389, 394-395 (Iowa 2007). The administrative law judge may believe all, part or none of any witness's testimony. *State v. Holtz*, 548 N.W.2d 162, 163 (Iowa App. 1996). In assessing the credibility of witnesses, the administrative law judge should consider the evidence using his or her own observations, common sense and experience. *Id.* In determining the facts, and deciding what testimony to believe, the fact finder may consider the following factors: whether the testimony is reasonable and consistent with other believable evidence; whether a witness has made inconsistent statements; the witness's appearance, conduct, age, intelligence, memory and knowledge of the facts; and the witness's interest in the trial, their motive, candor, bias and prejudice. *Id.* 

Claimant has the burden of proving that the voluntary leaving was for good cause attributable to the employer. Iowa Code § 96.6(2). A voluntary leaving of employment requires an intention to

terminate the employment relationship accompanied by an overt act of carrying out that intention. *Local Lodge #1426 v. Wilson Trailer*, 289 N.W.2d 608, 612 (Iowa 1980).

While claimant's leaving the employment may have been based upon good personal reasons, it was not for a good-cause reason attributable to the employer. Benefits must be denied.

#### DECISION:

The decision of the representative dated May 21, 2018, (reference 01) is affirmed. Unemployment insurance benefits shall be withheld until claimant has worked in and been paid wages for insured work equal to ten times claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided claimant is otherwise eligible.

Duane L. Golden Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

dlg/scn