## IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

JASON M SMITH Claimant

# APPEAL 20A-UI-11138-JC-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

CAPTIVE PLASTICS LLC Employer

> OC: 06/14/20 Claimant: Respondent (4R)

Iowa Code § 96.4(3) – Ability to and Availability for Work Iowa Code § 96.19(38)a & b – Total and Partial Unemployment Iowa Code § 96.7(2)a(2) – Same Base Period Employment PL116-136, Sec. 2104 – Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) Iowa Code § 96.3(7) – Recovery of Benefit Overpayment

### STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The employer/appellant, Captive Plastics Inc., filed an appeal from the September 3, 2020 (reference 01) Iowa Workforce Development ("IWD") unemployment insurance decision that allowed benefits. The parties were properly notified about the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on November 2, 2020. The claimant participated. The employer participated through Kim Jaber.

The administrative law judge took official notice of the administrative records. Employer Exhibit 1 was admitted. Based on the evidence, the arguments presented, and the law, the administrative law judge enters the following findings of fact, reasoning and conclusions of law, and decision.

### **ISSUES:**

Does the claimant meet the definition of being considered partially unemployed? Is the claimant able to work and available for work effective June 14, 2020? Has the claimant been overpaid any unemployment insurance benefits, and if so, can the repayment of those benefits to the agency be waived? Can any charges to the employer's account be waived? Is the claimant eligible for Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation?

## FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: The claimant was employed full-time as a maintenance technician and was separated from employment on June 10, 2020. The issue of the claimant's permanent separation has not yet been addressed by the Benefits Bureau.

Claimant established his claim with an effective date of June 14, 2020. Since separation, he has been concentrating on self-employment, with the family business. Claimant devotes approximately 20 hours per week on it. The company is called Smith Engine Service and he repairs cars, lawnmowers and snow blowers.

Claimant also spent June taking care of his father, who had triple bypass heart surgery. Claimant also self-quarantined for a period of time between June and August due to his father. He could not remember the exact dates.

Claimant stated he is looking for full-time maintenance work and did refuse an offer of work around August 5, 2020 with Le Claire Manufacturing.

Claimant has a weekly benefit amount of \$500.00 per week. Claimant has been paid \$8,500.00 in regular state-funded unemployment insurance benefits for the period of June 14, 2020 through October 24, 2020. He was paid \$3,000.00 in Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) for the period of June 14, 2020 through July 25, 2020.

## REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

Iowa Code § 96.19(38)b provides:

As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

38. "Total and partial unemployment".

a. An individual shall be deemed "totally unemployed" in any week with respect to which no wages are payable to the individual and during which the individual performs no services.

b. An individual shall be deemed partially unemployed in any week in which either of the following apply:

(1) While employed at the individual's then regular job, the individual works less than the regular full-time week and in which the individual earns less than the individual's weekly benefit amount plus fifteen dollars.

(2) The individual, having been separated from the individual's regular job, earns at odd jobs less than the individual's weekly benefit amount plus fifteen dollars.

c. An individual shall be deemed temporarily unemployed if for a period, verified by the department, not to exceed four consecutive weeks, the individual is unemployed due to a plant shutdown, vacation, inventory, lack of work, or emergency from the individual's regular job or trade in which the individual worked full-time and will again work full-time, if the individual's employment, although temporarily suspended, has not been terminated.

Iowa Code section 96.7(2)a(2)(a), (b), and (c) provides:

2. Contribution rates based on benefit experience.

a. (2) The amount of regular benefits plus fifty percent of the amount of extended benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be charged against the account of the

employers in the base period in the inverse chronological order in which the employment of the individual occurred.

(a) However, if the individual to whom the benefits are paid is in the employ of a base period employer at the time the individual is receiving the benefits, and the individual is receiving the same employment from the employer that the individual received during the individual's base period, benefits paid to the individual shall not be charged against the account of the employer. This provision applies to both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding subparagraph (3) and section 96.8, subsection 5.

(b) An employer's account shall not be charged with benefits paid to an individual who left the work of the employer voluntarily without good cause attributable to the employer or to an individual who was discharged for misconduct in connection with the individual's employment, or to an individual who failed without good cause, either to apply for available, suitable work or to accept suitable work with that employer, but shall be charged to the unemployment compensation fund. This paragraph applies to both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding section 96.8, subsection 5.

(c) The amount of benefits paid to an individual, which is solely due to wage credits considered to be in an individual's base period due to the exclusion and substitution of calendar quarters from the individual's base period under section 96.23, shall be charged against the account of the employer responsible for paying the workers' compensation benefits for temporary total disability or during a healing period under section 85.33, section 85.34, subsection 1, or section 85A.17, or responsible for paying indemnity insurance benefits.

Iowa Code section 96.4(3) provides:

An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the department finds that:

3. The individual is able to work, is available for work, and is earnestly and actively seeking work. This subsection is waived if the individual is deemed partially unemployed, while employed at the individual's regular job, as defined in section 96.1A, subsection 38, paragraph "b", subparagraph (1), or temporarily unemployed as defined in section 96.19, subsection 38, paragraph "c". The work search requirements of this subsection and the disqualification requirement for failure to apply for, or to accept suitable work of section 96.5, subsection 3 are waived if the individual is not disqualified for benefits under section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraph "h".

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(7) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(7) Where an individual devotes time and effort to becoming self-employed.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.23(16) provides:

Availability disqualifications. The following are reasons for a claimant being disqualified for being unavailable for work.

(16) Where availability for work is unduly limited because a claimant is not willing to work during the hours in which suitable work for the claimant is available.

Claimant in this case has been totally unemployed since establishing his claim with an effective date of June 14, 2020. He separated from employment with this employer effective June 10, 2020 and has worked solely in self-employment since separation.

For a totally unemployed individual to be eligible to receive benefits, he must be able to work, available for work, and actively seeking work as required by the unemployment insurance law. Iowa Code § 96.4(3). The burden is on the claimant to establish that he is able and available for work within the meaning of the statute. Iowa Code § 96.6(2); Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.22.

Claimant stated since separation, he has been devoting time to caring for his father, and to working in the family business. He also stated he self-quarantined for a period. Claimant did not have dates available of when these incidents occurred. The evidence in this case fails to establish claimant has been able and available for work each week since June 14, 2020. Accordingly, benefits are denied.

The issues of the claimant's permanent separation from Captive Plastics, effective June 10, 2020 and whether the claimant refused a suitable offer of work from Le Claire Manufacturing on August 5, 2020 are remanded to the Benefits Bureau for an initial investigation and decision.

### The next issue to address is overpayment of benefits.

Iowa Code § 96.3(7)a-b provides:

7. Recovery of overpayment of benefits.

a. If an individual receives benefits for which the individual is subsequently determined to be ineligible, even though the individual acts in good faith and is not otherwise at fault, the benefits shall be recovered. The department in its discretion may recover the overpayment of benefits either by having a sum equal to the overpayment deducted from any future benefits payable to the individual or by having the individual pay to the department a sum equal to the overpayment.

The claimant in this case has been overpaid regular, state-funded benefits in the amount of \$8,500.00. These benefits are subject to recovery.

PL116-136, Sec. 2104 provides, in pertinent part:

(b) Provisions of Agreement

(1) Federal pandemic unemployment compensation.--Any agreement under this section shall provide that the State agency of the State will make payments of regular compensation to individuals in amounts and to the extent that they would be determined if the State law of the State were applied, with respect to any week for which the individual is (disregarding this section) otherwise entitled under the State law to receive regular compensation, as if such State law had

been modified in a manner such that the amount of regular compensation (including dependents' allowances) payable for any week shall be equal to

(A) the amount determined under the State law (before the application of this paragraph), plus

(B) an additional amount of \$600 (in this section referred to as "Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation").

. . . .

(f) Fraud and Overpayments

(2) Repayment.--In the case of individuals who have received amounts of Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation to which they were not entitled, the State shall require such individuals to repay the amounts of such Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation to the State agency...

Here, the claimant is disqualified from receiving regular unemployment insurance (UI) benefits. Accordingly, this also disqualifies claimant from receiving Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC). In addition to the regular UI benefits claimant received, he also received an additional \$3,000.00 in FPUC benefits for the five-week period ending July 25, 2020. The claimant may have to repay the benefits received thus far, unless the claimant applies and is approved for PUA, as directed in the paragraph below.

**NOTE TO CLAIMANT**: This decision determines you are not eligible for regular unemployment insurance benefits. If you disagree with this decision you may file an appeal to the Employment Appeal Board by following the instructions on the first page of this decision. If you do not qualify for regular unemployment insurance benefits due to disqualifying separations and are currently unemployed for reasons related to COVID-19, you may qualify for Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA). You will need to apply for PUA to determine your eligibility under the program.

More information about how to apply for PUA is available online at: <a href="http://www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information">www.iowaworkforcedevelopment.gov/pua-information</a>

### DECISION:

The unemployment insurance decision dated September 3, 2020, (reference 01) is modified in favor of employer/appellant. The claimant is not able and available for work effective June 14, 2020. Regular unemployment insurance benefits funded by the state of Iowa are denied until such time the claimant is able to and available for work.

Claimant has been overpaid regular, state-funded benefits in the amount of \$8,500.00. Claimant has also been overpaid \$3,000.00 in FPUC. These benefits are subject to repayment.

**REMAND:** The issues of the claimant's permanent separation from Captive Plastics, effective June 10, 2020 and whether the claimant refused a suitable offer of work from Le Claire Manufacturing on August 5, 2020 are remanded to the Benefits Bureau for an initial investigation and decision.

Jenniger &. Beckman

Jennifer L. Beckman Administrative Law Judge Unemployment Insurance Appeals Bureau Iowa Workforce Development 1000 East Grand Avenue Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0209 Fax 515-478-3528

November 4, 2020 Decision Dated and Mailed

jlb/scn