IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - EI

ROBEE K FRANK

Claimant

APPEAL NO. 10A-UI-08052-MT

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

ABCM CORPORATION

Employer

OC: 05/02/10

Claimant: Appellant (2)

Section 96.5-1 – Voluntary Quit

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

Claimant filed an appeal from a decision of a representative dated May 28, 2010, reference 01, which held claimant ineligible for unemployment insurance benefits. After due notice, a telephone conference hearing was scheduled for and held on July 21, 2010. Claimant participated. Employer participated by Julie Bothwell, Dietary Supervisor and Regina Haley, Human Resource Coordinator. Exhibits One, Two and Three were admitted into evidence.

ISSUE:

The issue in this matter is whether claimant quit for good cause attributable to employer.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and considered all of the evidence in the record, finds: Claimant last worked for employer on April 29, 2010. Claimant went on a two-month vacation. Claimant worked about 100 hours per month before she went on vacation. Claimant was cut to 16 hours a month after coming back from vacation. Claimant quit due to a significant cut in the work hours.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

The administrative law judge holds that the evidence has establish that claimant voluntarily quit for good cause attributable to employer when claimant terminated the employment relationship because of a significant change in the contract of hire. Employer unilaterally cut claimant's hours to practically nothing after an extended vacation. This is good cause attributable to employer for a quit.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

871 IAC 24.26(1) provides:

Voluntary quit with good cause attributable to the employer and separations not considered to be voluntary quits. The following are reasons for a claimant leaving employment with good cause attributable to the employer:

(1) A change in the contract of hire. An employer's willful breach of contract of hire shall not be a disqualifiable issue. This would include any change that would jeopardize the worker's safety, health or morals. The change of contract of hire must be substantial in nature and could involve changes in working hours, shifts, remuneration, location of employment, drastic modification in type of work, etc. Minor changes in a worker's routine on the job would not constitute a change of contract of hire.

DECISION:

The decision of the representative dated May 28, 2010, reference 01, is reversed. Unemployment insurance benefits are allowed, provided claimant is otherwise eligible.

Marlon Mormann Administrative Law Judge	
Decision Dated and Mailed	
mdm/css	