### IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS

	68-0157 (9-06) - 3091078 - El
LISA A BISHOP Claimant	APPEAL NO. 08A-UI-05796-S2T
	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION
L A LEASING INC SEDONA STAFFING Employer	
	OC: 05/04/08 R: 04 Claimant: Appellant (1)

Section 96.5-1 – Voluntary Leaving

# STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

The claimant filed a timely appeal from the June 13, 2008, reference 03, decision that denied benefits. After due notice was issued, a telephone conference hearing was held on July 9, 2008. The claimant participated personally. The employer participated through Colleen McGuinty, Unemployment Benefits Administrator, and Brenda Lampe.

# ISSUE:

The issue is whether the claimant voluntarily quit work without good cause attributable to the employer.

#### FINDINGS OF FACT:

The administrative law judge, having heard the testimony and having considered all of the evidence in the record, finds that: The claimant was first hired as a temporary worker in 1996. On February 28, 2008, she was assigned to Plastic Paint as a full-time general laborer. On March 19, 2008, the claimant telephoned the employer and resigned, stating she was not happy with the work. Continued work was available had the claimant not resigned.

#### **REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:**

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes the claimant voluntarily quit work without good cause attributable to the employer.

Iowa Code section 96.5-1 provides:

An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:

1. Voluntary quitting. If the individual has left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the individual's employer, if so found by the department.

A voluntary leaving of employment requires an intention to terminate the employment relationship accompanied by an overt act of carrying out that intention. Local Lodge #1426 v. <u>Wilson Trailer</u>, 289 N.W.2d 608, 612 (Iowa 1980). The claimant's intention to voluntarily leave work was evidenced by her words and actions. She told the employer she was resigning and stopped appearing for work. Continued work was available had the claimant not resigned. The claimant voluntarily quit work without good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are denied.

# **DECISION**:

The June 13, 2008, reference 03, representative's decision is affirmed. The claimant voluntarily left work without good cause attributable to the employer. Benefits are withheld until the claimant has worked in and has been paid wages for insured work equal ten times the claimant's weekly benefit amount, provided the claimant is otherwise eligible.

Beth A. Scheetz Administrative Law Judge

Decision Dated and Mailed

bas/kjw