IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS BUREAU

ROSA M JORGENSEN Claimant

APPEAL 20A-UI-09707-DB-T

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DECISION

TYSON FRESH MEATS INC Employer

> OC: 04/19/20 Claimant: Respondent (1)

Iowa Code § 96.19(38) – Total, Partial, Temporary Unemployment Iowa Code § 96.6(2) – Timeliness of Appeal

STATEMENT OF THE CASE:

On August 10, 2020, the employer/appellant filed an appeal from the June 25, 2020 (reference 01) unemployment insurance decision that found that the claimant was eligible for unemployment insurance benefits based upon her being on a short-term layoff. The parties were properly notified of the hearing. A telephone hearing was held on September 29, 2020. The claimant, Rosa M. Jorgensen, did not participate. The employer, Tyson Fresh Meats Inc., participated through witnesses Vonshalay Smith and Lori Direnzo. The administrative law judge took official notice of the claimant's administrative records.

ISSUE:

Did the employer file a timely appeal?

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Having reviewed all of the evidence in the record, the administrative law judge finds: A decision that found the claimant was eligible for unemployment insurance benefits was mailed to the employer's correct address of record for its third party provider, Talx UCM Services Inc., on June 25, 2020. The employer's third party representative received the decision in the mail on July 10, 2020. The decision contained a warning that an appeal must be postmarked or received by the Appeals Section by July 5, 2020. The employer's representative filed the appeal on August 10, 2020. The employer's representative filed the appeal after the deadline because it had a large volume of mail to process.

REASONING AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

For the reasons that follow, the administrative law judge concludes that the employer's appeal is untimely.

Iowa Code section 96.6(2) provides:

2. Initial determination. A representative designated by the director shall promptly notify all interested parties to the claim of its filing, and the parties have ten days from the date of issuing the notice of the filing of the claim to protest payment of benefits to the claimant. All interested parties shall select a format as specified by the department to receive such notifications. The representative shall promptly examine the claim and any protest, take the initiative to ascertain relevant information concerning the claim, and, on the basis of the facts found by the representative, shall determine whether or not the claim is valid, the week with respect to which benefits shall commence, the weekly benefit amount payable and its maximum duration, and whether any disgualification shall be imposed. The claimant has the burden of proving that the claimant meets the basic eligibility conditions of section 96.4. The employer has the burden of proving that the claimant is disgualified for benefits pursuant to section 96.5, except as provided by this subsection. The claimant has the initial burden to produce evidence showing that the claimant is not disgualified for benefits in cases involving section 96.5, subsections 10 and 11, and has the burden of proving that a voluntary quit pursuant to section 96.5, subsection 1, was for good cause attributable to the employer and that the claimant is not disgualified for benefits in cases involving section 96.5, subsection 1, paragraphs "a" through "h". Unless the claimant or other interested party, after notification or within ten calendar days after notification was issued, files an appeal from the decision, the decision is final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance with the decision. If an administrative law judge affirms a decision of the representative, or the appeal board affirms a decision of the administrative law judge allowing benefits, the benefits shall be paid regardless of any appeal which is thereafter taken, but if the decision is finally reversed, no employer's account shall be charged with benefits so paid and this relief from charges shall apply to both contributory and reimbursable employers, notwithstanding section 96.8, subsection 5.

The ten calendar days for appeal begins running on the issuing date. The "decision date" found in the upper right-hand portion of the representative's decision, unless otherwise corrected immediately below that entry, is presumptive evidence of the date of mailing. Gaskins v. Unempl. Comp. Bd. of Rev., 429 A.2d 138 (Pa. Comm. 1981); Johnson v. Bd. of Adjustment, 239 N.W.2d 873, 92 A.L.R.3d 304 (Iowa 1976). The record in this case shows that more than ten calendar days elapsed between the issuing date and the date this appeal was filed. The lowa Supreme Court has declared that there is a mandatory duty to file appeals from representatives' decisions within the time allotted by statute, and that the administrative law judge has no authority to change the decision of a representative if a timely appeal is not filed. Franklin v. lowa Dep't of Job Serv., 277 N.W.2d 877, 881 (lowa 1979). Compliance with appeal notice provisions is jurisdictional unless the facts of a case show that the notice was invalid. Beardslee v. lowa Dep't of Job Serv., 276 N.W.2d 373, 377 (lowa 1979); see also In re Appeal of Elliott, 319 N.W.2d 244, 247 (Iowa 1982). The question in this case thus becomes whether the appellant was deprived of a reasonable opportunity to assert an appeal in a timely fashion. Hendren v. lowa Emp't Sec. Comm'n, 217 N.W.2d 255 (lowa 1974); Smith v. lowa Emp't Sec. Comm'n, 212 N.W.2d 471, 472 (lowa 1973).

While the employer's failure of its third party representative to file a timely appeal within the time prescribed by the Iowa Employment Security Law may have been initially due to delay or other action of the United States Postal Service pursuant to Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.35(2) because the decision was not received until after the deadline had passed, the employer's representative still waited from July 10, 2020 to August 10, 2020 to file an appeal in this case.

Iowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.35(2) provides:

Date of submission and extension of time for payments and notices.

(2) The submission of any payment, appeal, application, request, notice, objection, petition, report or other information or document not within the specified statutory or regulatory period shall be considered timely if it is established to the satisfaction of the division that the delay in submission was due to division error or misinformation or to delay or other action of the United States postal service.

a. For submission that is not within the statutory or regulatory period to be considered timely, the interested party must submit a written explanation setting forth the circumstances of the delay.

b. The division shall designate personnel who are to decide whether an extension of time shall be granted.

c. No submission shall be considered timely **if the delay in filing was unreasonable**, as determined by the department after considering the circumstances in the case.

d. If submission is not considered timely, although the interested party contends that the delay was due to division error or misinformation or delay or other action of the United States postal service, the division shall issue an appealable decision to the interested party.

(emphasis added).

Waiting 30 days to file an appeal after the decision was received is unreasonable pursuant to lowa Admin. Code r. 871-24.35(2). As such, the appeal was not timely filed pursuant to lowa Code § 96.6(2) and the administrative law judge lacks jurisdiction to make a determination with respect to the nature of the appeal. See *Beardslee v. Iowa Dep't of Job Serv.*, 276 N.W.2d 373 (Iowa 1979) and *Franklin v. Iowa Dep't of Job Serv.*, 277 N.W.2d 877 (Iowa 1979).

DECISION:

The June 25, 2020 (reference 01) decision is affirmed. The appeal in this case was not timely and the decision of the representative remains in effect. Benefits are allowed effective April 19, 2020 due to a short-term layoff, provided the claimant is otherwise eligible.

Dawn Moucher

Dawn Boucher Administrative Law Judge

September 30, 2020 Decision Dated and Mailed

db/sam